[No. 25.]

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, pursuant to section 3 of the Act of Congress approved October 1, 1890, entitled "An Act to reduce the revenue and equalize duties on imports, and for other purposes," the Secretary of State of the United States of America communicated to the Government of Honduras the action of the Congress of the United States of America, with a view to secure reciprocal trade, in declaring the articles enumerated in said section 3 to be exempt from duty upon their importation into the United States of America;

And whereas the Consul General of Honduras at New York has communicated to the Secretary of State the fact that, in reciprocity for the admission into the United States of America free of all duty of the articles enumerated in section 3 of said Act, the Government of Honduras will, by due legal enactment as a provisional measure and until a more complete arrangement may be negotiated and put in operation, admit free of all duty from and after May 25, 1892, into all the established ports of entry of Honduras, the articles or merchandise named Commercial arin the following schedule, provided that the same be the product or rangement with Honmanufacture of the United States:

April 30, 1892. Preamble. Vol. 26, p. 612.

SCHEDULE

Schedule.

of products and manufactures from the United States which the Re- Articles admitted into Honduras free of public of Honduras will admit free of all customs, municipal and any duty. other kind of duty.

- 1. Animals for breeding purposes.
- 2. Corn, rice, barley, and rye.

3. Beans.

4. Hay and straw for forage.

5. Fruits, fresh.

6. Preparations of flour in biscuits, crackers not sweetened, macaroni, vermicelli, and tallarin.

7. Coal, mineral.

8. Roman cement. 9. Hydraulic lime.

10. Bricks, fire bricks, and crucibles for melting.

11. Marble, dressed, for furniture, statues, fountains, gravestones, and building purposes.

12. Tar, vegetable and mineral.

13. Guano and other fertilizers, natural or artificial.

14. Plows and all other agricultural tools and implements.

- 15. Machinery of all kinds, including sewing machines; and separate or extra parts of the same.
- 16. Materials of all kinds for the construction and equipment of railroads.
- 17. Materials of all kinds for the construction and operation of telegraphic and telephonic lines.
 - 18. Materials of all kinds for lighting by electricity and gas. 19. Materials of all kinds for the construction of wharves.

20. Apparatus for distilling liquors.

21. Wood of all kinds for building, in trunks or pieces, beams, rafters, planks, boards, shingles, or flooring.

22. Wooden staves, heads, and hoops, and barrels and boxes for packing, mounted or in pieces.

23. Houses of wood or iron, complete or in parts. 24. Wagons, carts, and carriages of all kinds.

25. Barrels, casks, and tanks of iron for water.

26. Tubes of iron and all other accessories necessary for water sup-

ply.

27. Wire, barbed, and staples for fences.

for building purposes.

29. Mineral ores.

30. Kettles of iron for making salt.

31. Sugar-boilers.

32. Molds for sugar.

33. Guys for mining purposes.

34. Furnaces and instruments for assaying metals.

35. Scientific instruments.

36. Models of machinery and buildings.

37. Boats, lighters, tackle, anchors, chains, girtlines, sails, and all other articles for vessels, to be used in the ports, lakes, and rivers of the Republic.

38. Printing materials, including presses, type, ink, and all other

39. Printed books, pamphlets, and newspapers, bound or unbound, maps, photographs, printed music, and paper for music.

40. Paper for printing newspapers.

- 41. Quicksilver.
- 42. Lodestones.
- 43. Hops.

44. Sulphate of quinine.

45. Gold and silver in bars, dust, or coin.

46. Samples of merchandise the duties on which do not exceed \$1. It is understood that the packages or coverings in which the articles named in the foregoing schedule are imported shall be free of duty if they are usual and proper for the purpose.

And that the Government of Honduras has further stipulated that the laws and regulations, adopted to protect its revenue and prevent fraud in the declarations and proof that the articles named in the foregoing schedule are the product or manufacture of the United States of America, shall impose no additional charges on the importer nor undue restrictions on the articles imported.

And whereas the Secretary of State has, by my direction, given assurance to the Consul General of Honduras at New York that this action of the Government of Honduras in granting freedom of duties to the products and manufactures of the United States of America on their importation into Honduras, and in stipulating for a more complete reciprocity arrangement, is accepted as a due reciprocity for the action of Congress as set forth in section 3 of said Act:

Now, therefore, be it known that I, Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States of America, have caused the above stated modifications of the tariff laws of Honduras to be made public for the information of the citizens of the United States of America.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this 30th day of April, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and of the Independence [SEAL.] of the United States of America the one hundred and sixteenth.

BENJ HARRISON

By the President:

James G. Blaine

Secretary of State.

Usual packages or coverings.

Reciprocal modifica-tion of Honduranean tariff laws.

[No. 26.]

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, pursuant to section 3 of the Act of Congress approved October 1, 1890, entitled "An Act to reduce the revenue and equalize duties on imports, and for other purposes," the Secretary of State of the United States of America communicated to the Governm nt of Guatemala the action of the Congress of the United States of America, with a view to secure reciprocal trade, in declaring the articles enumerated in said section 3 to be exempt from duty upon their importa-

tion into the United States of America;

And whereas the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Guatemala at Washington has communicated to the Secretary of State the fact that, in reciprocity for the admission into the United States of America free of all duty of the articles enumerated in section 3 of said Act, the Government of Guatemala will, by due legal enactment of the National Congress of that Republic, admit, free of all duty, from and after the thirtieth day after the passage of the said Act by the Congress of Guatemala, into all the established ports of entry Commercial arthur the Congress of Guatemala, into all the established ports of entry Commercial arthur the Congress of Guatemala, into all the established ports of entry Commercial arthur the Congress of Guatemala, into all the established ports of entry Commercial arthur the Congress of Guatemala, into all the established ports of entry Commercial arthur the Congress of Guatemala, into all the established ports of entry Commercial arthur the Congress of Guatemala, into all the established ports of entry Commercial arthur the Congress of Guatemala, into all the established ports of entry Commercial arthur the Congress of Guatemala, and the Congress of of that Republic, the articles or merchandise named in the following temala. schedule, provided that the same be the product or manufacture of the United States:

May 18, 1892. Preamble, Vol. 26, p. 612.

SCHEDULE

Schedule.

of articles, the product or manufacture of the United States, to be ad-integratemal free of mitted into Guatemala free of all customs duties, and of any national duty. or municipal dues, and national port charges.

Articles admitted

- 1. Live animals.
- 2. Barley, corn or maize, and rye.
- 3. Corn meal.
- 4. Potatoes, peas and beans.
- 5. Fresh vegetables.
- 6. Rice.
- 7. Hay and straw for forage.
- 8. Tar, pitch, resin, turpentine and asphalt.
- 9. Cotton-seed oil and other products of said seed.
- 10. Quicksilver.11. Mineral coal.
- 12. Guano and other fertilizers.
- 13. Lumber and timber, in the rough or prepared for building purposes.
- 14. Houses of wood or iron, complete or in parts.
- 15. Fire bricks, lime, cement, shingles and tiles of clay or glass for roofing, and construction of buildings.
- 16. Marble in slabs, columns, cornices, door and window frames and fountains; and dressed or undressed marble for buildings.
 - 17. Piping of clay, glazed or unglazed, for aqueducts and sewers.
 - 18. Wire, plain or barbed, for fences, with hooks and staples for same.
- 19. Printed books, bound or unbound; printed music; maps, charts and globes.
 - 20. Materials for the construction and equipment of railways.
 - 21. Materials for electrical illumination.
 - 22. Materials expressly for the construction of wharves.
 - 23. Anchors and hoisting tackle.
 - 24. Railings of east or wrought iron.
 - 25. Balconies of cast or wrought iron.
 - 26. Window-blinds of wood or metal.
 - 27. Iron fire-places or stoves.

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