

**CHAP. 289.**—An Act Establishing Eastport, Idaho, a subport of entry in the customs-collection district of Montana and Idaho, and for other purposes.

June 13, 1910.  
[S. 7177.]

[Public, No. 209.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That Eastport, Idaho, be, and the same is hereby, established a subport of entry in the customs-collection district of Montana and Idaho, and that the privileges of the first section of the Act approved June tenth, eighteen hundred and eighty, governing the immediate transportation of dutiable merchandise without appraisement, be, and the same are hereby, extended to the said subport of Eastport, Idaho.

Customs.  
Eastport, Idaho.  
Made subport of entry with immediate transportation privileges.  
R. S., sec. 2593, p. 513.  
Vol. 21, p. 178.

Approved, June 13, 1910.

**CHAP. 290.**—An Act To authorize the President to convey to the people of Porto Rico certain lands and buildings not needed for purposes of the United States.

June 14, 1910.  
[H. R. 25290.]

[Public, No. 210.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the President is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to convey to the people of Porto Rico such lands and buildings, or interests therein, adjacent to the city of San Juan, reserved for public uses under the authority conferred by the Act approved July first, nineteen hundred and two (Thirty-second Statutes at Large, page seven hundred and thirty-one), as in his opinion are no longer needed for purposes of the United States.

Porto Rico.  
Lands, etc., near San Juan, granted to.

Vol. 32, p. 731.

Approved, June 14, 1910.

**CHAP. 291.**—An Act Providing for the quadrennial election of members of the Philippine legislature and Resident Commissioners to the United States, and for other purposes.

June 14, 1910.  
[H. R. 25641.]

[Public, No. 211.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the present members of the Philippine assembly shall hold office until the fourth day of March, anno Domini nineteen hundred and twelve, and their successors shall be chosen by the people in the year nineteen hundred and eleven, and in every fourth year thereafter, and shall hold office for four years beginning on the fourth day of March next following their election. At its next regular session after the passage of this Act the Philippine legislature shall fix the date for the commencement of its annual sessions.

Philippine Islands.  
Assembly to serve four years.  
Vol. 32, p. 694, amended.  
Post, p. 910.

Sec. 2. That hereafter the terms of Resident Commissioners to the United States shall be four years instead of two. The two to be chosen by the Philippine legislature at its next regular session, in pursuance of law, shall hold office for four years, and thereafter such elections shall be held quadrennially. Each of said Resident Commissioners shall, in addition to the salary and expenses now allowed by law, be allowed the same sum for stationery and for the pay of necessary clerk hire as is now allowed to the Members of the House of Representatives of the United States, and the franking privilege now enjoyed by Members of the House of Representatives.

Resident Commissioners.  
To serve four years.  
Vol. 32, p. 694, amended.  
Post, p. 910.  
Allowances, etc.

Sec. 3. That all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed, so far, and so far only, as they conflict with the provisions of this Act.

Franking privilege.

Conflicting laws repealed.

Approved, June 14, 1910.