

the Secretary of the Treasury finds that it is impracticable to put this title into effect on the thirtieth day following the date of the enactment of this Act and so proclaims, specifying the date, not later than the sixtieth day following the date of the enactment of this Act, on which it will be practicable to put this title into effect, this title shall take effect on the date specified in such proclamation. Notwithstanding the previous provisions of this section, this section and sections 202, 203, and 205 shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

Approved January 11, 1934, 11.50 p.m.

Effective date of designated sections.

[CHAPTER 2.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

January 18, 1934.
[H.J. Res. 228.]
[Pub. Res., No. 12.]

To provide for certain expenses incident to the second session of the Seventy-third Congress.

Appropriations for certain legislative expenses, second session, Seventy-third Congress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of certain expenses incident to the second session of the Seventy-third Congress, namely:

Senate.

SENATE

Mileage.

For mileage of Senators, \$38,250.

House of Representatives.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mileage, etc.

For mileage of Representatives, the Delegate from Hawaii, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, and for expenses of the Delegate from Alaska and the Resident Commissioners from the Philippine Islands, \$131,250.

Stationery.

For stationery for Representatives, Delegates, and Resident Commissioners, including \$4,400 for stationery for the use of the committees and officers of the House, \$44,000, to be available for expenditure notwithstanding the provisions of section 304 of the Act of June 30, 1932 (47 Stat. 408), as continued and made applicable to the fiscal year 1934 by section 4 (a), Title II, of the Act of March 20, 1933 (48 Stat. 13): *Provided*, That from such sum each Representative, Delegate, and Resident Commissioner shall be allowed \$90 for stationery allowance or commutation therefor.

Approved, January 18, 1934.

Limitations waived. Vol. 47, p. 408. *Ante*, p. 13.

Proviso.
Stationery allowance.

[CHAPTER 3.]

AN ACT

January 20, 1934.
[S. 2125.]
[Public, No. 84.]

To continue the functions of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, to provide additional funds for the Corporation, and for other purposes.

Reconstruction Finance Corporation. Functions, etc., continued. Vol. 47, p. 5.

Liquidation, etc., postponed. Vol. 47, p. 10.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That until February 1, 1935, or such earlier date as the President may fix by proclamation, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is hereby authorized to continue to perform all functions which it is authorized to perform under existing law, and the liquidation and winding up of its affairs as provided for by section 13 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, as amended, are hereby postponed during the period that the functions of the Corporation are continued pursuant to this Act.

SEC. 2. No funds shall be disbursed on any commitment or agreement to make a loan or advance hereafter made by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation after the expiration of one year from the date of such commitment or agreement; but within the period of such one-year limitation no provision of law terminating any of the functions of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation shall be construed to prohibit disbursement of funds on prior commitments or agreements to make loans or advances.

No disbursement on any loan commitment, etc., after one year.

Prior agreements not affected.

SEC. 3. The amount of notes, debentures, and bonds or other such obligations which the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and empowered to have outstanding at any one time pursuant to section 9 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, as amended, is hereby increased by \$850,000,000.

Corporation notes, etc., increased. *Ante*, p. 50. Vol. 47, p. 9.

Approved, January 20, 1934.

[CHAPTER 4.]

AN ACT

To control the manufacture, transportation, possession, and sale of alcoholic beverages in the District of Columbia.

January 24, 1934.
[H. R. 6181.]
[Public, No. 85.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the National Prohibition Act, as amended and supplemented, insofar as it affects the manufacture, sale, and possession in the District of Columbia, and the transportation in, into, and from the District of Columbia, of alcoholic beverages, is hereby repealed, with the exception of title III, and section 4 of title II insofar as it affects denatured alcohol.

District of Columbia Alcoholic Beverage Control Act. *Post*, p. 349. National Prohibition Act; certain limitations not to apply hereunder. Vol. 41, pp. 309, 315; U. S. C., pp. 854, 861

SEC. 2. This Act may be cited as the "District of Columbia Alcoholic Beverage Control Act." It shall apply only to the District of Columbia and shall not authorize the delivery of alcoholic beverages outside of the District of Columbia in violation of the law of the place of delivery.

Title.
Territory embraced.

SEC. 3. In the interpretation of this Act, unless the context indicates a different meaning:

Definitions.

(a) The word "alcohol" means ethyl alcohol, hydrated oxide of ethyl, or spirit of wine, from whatever source or by whatever processes produced.

"Alcohol."

(b) The word "spirits" means any beverage which contains alcohol obtained by distillation mixed with drinkable water and other substances in solution, including brandy, rum, whisky, cordials, and gin.

"Spirits."

(c) The word "wine" means the product of the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of fresh, sound, ripe grapes, with the usual cellar treatment and necessary additions to correct defects due to climatic, saccharine and seasonal conditions, including champagne, sparkling, artificially carbonated and fortified wine. No other product obtained by the fermentation of the natural sugar contents of fruits or other agricultural products containing sugar shall be called "wine" unless designated by appropriate prefix descriptions of the fruit or other product from which the same was predominantly produced, or as artificial or imitation wine. Light wines shall mean wines containing 14 per centum or less of alcohol by volume, other than champagne.

"Wine."

U. S. C., p. 768.

(d) The word "beer" means any fermented beverages of any name or description manufactured from malt, wholly or in part, or from any substitute therefor.

"Beer."