

Penalty for buying,
selling, etc.

SEC. 4. Whoever shall receive, conceal, store, barter, buy, sell, or dispose of any cattle, moving in or constituting a part of interstate or foreign commerce, knowing the same to have been stolen, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000 or by imprisonment for not more than five years, or both.

Venue of prosecution.

SEC. 5. Any person violating section 3 of this Act may be prosecuted in any district from, into, or through which such cattle has or have been transported or removed.

48 Stat. 794.
18 U. S. C. §§ 413-
419.

SEC. 6. Nothing herein shall be construed to repeal, modify, or amend any part of the National Stolen Property Act.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 367]

AN ACT

August 18, 1941
[H. R. 587]
[Public Law 218]

To extend the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in wildlife-restoration projects, and for other purposes", approved September 2, 1937.

Wildlife-restoration
projects.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in wildlife-restoration projects, and for other purposes", approved September 2, 1937, be amended by adding a new section to read as follows:

50 Stat. 917.
16 U. S. C. §§ 669-
669j.

Alaska, Hawaii,
Puerto Rico, and Vir-
gin Islands.

"SEC. 8. (a) The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to cooperate with the Alaska Game Commission, the Division of Game and Fish of the Board of Commissioners of Agriculture and Forestry of Hawaii, the Commissioner of Agriculture and Commerce of Puerto Rico, and the Governor of the Virgin Islands, in the conduct of wildlife-restoration projects, as defined in section 2 of this Act, upon such terms and conditions as he shall deem fair, just, and equitable, and is authorized to apportion to said Territories, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, out of money available for apportionment under this Act, such sums as he shall determine, not exceeding \$25,000 for Alaska, and \$10,000 each for Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, in any one year, which apportionments, when made, shall be deducted before making the apportionments to the States provided for by this Act; but the Secretary shall in no event require any of said cooperating agencies to pay an amount which will exceed 25 per centum of the cost of any project. Any unexpended or unobligated balance of any apportionment made pursuant to this section shall be available for expenditure in the Territories, Puerto Rico, or the Virgin Islands, as the case may be, in the succeeding year, on any approved project, and if unexpended or unobligated at the end of such year is authorized to be made available for expenditure by the Secretary of the Interior in carrying out the provisions of the Migratory Bird Conservation Act."

Apportionment of
funds.

Limitation on pay-
ments.

Use of unexpended,
etc., balances.

45 Stat. 1222.
16 U. S. C. §§ 715-
715r.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 368]

AN ACT

August 18, 1941
[H. R. 1606]
[Public Law 219]

For the protection of walrus in the Territory of Alaska.

Protection of wal-
ruses in Alaska.
Penalty for posses-
sion, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whoever, within the Territory of Alaska or in or on any of the waters thereof, shall take, possess, sell, barter, purchase, or export, at any time or in any manner, any walrus, alive or dead, or any part thereof, except as hereinafter in this section provided, shall be fined not more than

\$500 or imprisoned not more than six months, or both: *Provided*, That walruses may be taken at any time by natives for food and clothing for themselves and by miners or explorers or any other person when in need of food and other food is not available, and the skins, hides, tusks, or ivory of walruses so taken may be possessed, sold, bartered, or purchased in the Territory and said tusks or ivory, when carved or otherwise manufactured or processed in the Territory, may be exported therefrom: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to permit the taking, possession, and export of walruses or parts thereof for scientific or educational purposes under special permits to be issued by him under such restrictions and conditions as he shall prescribe.

Proctos.
Taking for food and clothing.

For scientific purposes.

Enforcement of act.

SEC. 2. That it shall be the duty of all marshals and deputy marshals, collectors and deputy collectors of customs, officers of the Coast Guard, and law-enforcement officers of the Fish and Wildlife Service and the Alaska Game Commission of the Department of the Interior to enforce this Act and they shall have, with respect to such enforcement, all the powers and authority conferred by the second paragraph of section 5 of the Alaska Game Law of January 13, 1925 (43 Stat. 739), as amended by the Acts of February 14, 1931, and June 25, 1938 (46 Stat. 1111 and 52 Stat. 1169, respectively), upon the officers therein mentioned; and all guns, traps, nets, boats, dogs, sleds, implements, or other paraphernalia used in or in aid of a violation of this Act, and any walrus, or part thereof, taken, possessed, sold, bartered, purchased, or exported contrary to this Act, shall be seized by the officers authorized to enforce this Act, and upon conviction of the offender or upon judgment of a court of the United States that the same were being used or were taken, possessed, sold, bartered, purchased, or exported contrary to the provisions of this Act, shall be forfeited to the United States and disposed of as directed by the court having jurisdiction, and if sold the proceeds of sale, less any expenses incurred in and about the seizure and forfeiture thereof, shall be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of miscellaneous receipts.

43 Stat. 741.
48 U. S. C. § 192.

SEC. 3. That as used in this Act "whoever" includes individuals, associations, partnerships, and corporations; "take" includes also pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, capture, trap, or willfully molest or disturb; "export" means transportation or offering for transportation from the Territory of Alaska or any of the waters thereof to any place outside said Territory or waters; and "natives" means Eskimos, Aleuts, and other aborigines of one-half or more Eskimo, Aleut, or other aboriginal blood.

Definitions.

SEC. 4. That all other Acts or parts of Acts insofar as they relate to walruses in the Territory of Alaska or in or on any of the waters thereof are hereby repealed.

Acts repealed.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 369]

AN ACT

Granting an extension of patent to the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

August 18, 1941
[H. R. 2688]
[Public Law 220]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a certain design patent issued by the United States Patent Office of date November 8, 1898, being patent numbered 29,611, which was renewed and extended for a period of fourteen years by Public Law Numbered 242, Sixty-ninth Congress, approved May 18, 1926, is hereby renewed and extended for an additional period of fourteen years from and after the passage of this Act, with all the rights and privi-

United Daughters of the Confederacy.
Renewal of design patent.

44 Stat. 562.