

requirements contained in section 11 of the Act approved February 22, 1889 (25 Stat. 676), any lands, interests in lands, buildings, or other property, real and personal, owned by the State of Montana within the boundaries of Glacier National Park. The aforesaid properties may be acquired from the State of Montana by the Secretary of the Interior for such consideration as he may deem advisable, when the acquisition of such property would, in his judgment, be in the best interests of the United States.

Approved March 16, 1948.

[CHAPTER 136]

AN ACT

To authorize the United States Park Police to make arrests within Federal reservations in the environs of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

March 17, 1948  
[H. R. 3936]

[Public Law 447]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That on and within roads, parks, parkways, and other Federal reservations in the environs of the District of Columbia over which the United States has, or shall hereafter acquire, exclusive or concurrent criminal jurisdiction, the several members of the United States Park Police force shall have the power and authority to make arrests without warrant for any felony or misdemeanor committed in the presence or view of such members in violation of any Federal law or regulation issued pursuant to law, or for any felony that in fact has been or is being committed in violation of any such law or regulation where they have reasonable grounds to believe that the person to be arrested has committed or is committing such felony, and shall have power to take any person arrested by them, without unnecessary delay, before the Federal court having jurisdiction over the offense or before a United States commissioner specifically designated to try and sentence persons charged with petty offenses as provided in the Act of October 9, 1940 (54 Stat. 1058), or before any other officer having authority to hold or commit for the offense. Such police officers shall also have power upon such roads and within such parks, parkways, and other reservations to execute any warrant or other process issued by a court or officer of competent jurisdiction for the enforcement of the provisions of any Federal law or regulation issued pursuant to law: *Provided*, That the power and authority herein granted shall not extend to military personnel for offenses committed on military reservations: *Provided further*, That the power and authority herein granted shall not limit or restrict the investigative jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

U. S. Park Police.  
Arrests in environs  
of D. C.

18 U. S. C. §§ 576-  
576d.  
Post, p. 868.

Military personnel.

Jurisdiction of FBI.

Rules and regula-  
tions.

Penalty.

Environs of D. C.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Interior, with the approval or concurrence of the head of the agency having jurisdiction or control of any road, park, parkway, or other Federal reservation, or his duly authorized representative, is hereby authorized to make all needful rules and regulations for the regulation of traffic, for the protection of persons, property, health, and morals, to prevent breaches of the peace, to suppress affrays and unlawful assemblies and to aid in the enforcement of any of the rules and regulations so promulgated. To any rule or regulation there may be attached a reasonable penalty for the violation thereof not exceeding, however, a fine of not more than \$500, imprisonment for not exceeding six months, or both.

Sec. 3. For the purposes of this Act, the environs of the District of Columbia are hereby defined as embracing Arlington and Fairfax Counties and the city of Alexandria in Virginia, and Prince Georges, Anne Arundel, and Montgomery Counties in Maryland.

Approved March 17, 1948.

## [CHAPTER 138]

## AN ACT

March 18, 1948  
[H. R. 2293]  
[Public Law 448]

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to regulate navigation on the Great Lakes and their connecting and tributary waters", approved February 8, 1895.

- Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That subdivision (a) of rule 3 in the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate navigation on the Great Lakes and their connecting and tributary waters", approved February 8, 1895, as amended (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 33, sec. 252 (a)), is amended to read as follows:
- "(a) On or in front of the foremast, or if a vessel without a foremast, then in the fore part of the vessel, a bright white light so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of twenty points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light ten points on each side of the vessel, namely, from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on either side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least five miles. Such light shall be at a greater height above the water than the side lights required by subdivisions (b) and (c)."
- SEC. 2. Subdivision (e) of rule 3 in the first section of such Act (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 33, sec. 252 (e)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(e) A steamer of over one hundred feet register length shall carry also, when under way, a bright white light so fixed as to throw the light all around the horizon, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least three miles. Such light shall be placed in line with the keel at least fifteen feet higher than, and more than fifty feet abaft, the light mentioned in subdivision (a); or in lieu thereof two such lights of the same character and height as herein described placed not over thirty inches apart horizontally, one on either side of the keel, and so arranged that one or the other or both shall be visible from any angle of approach."
- SEC. 3. Rule 3 of such Act (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 33, sec. 252) is amended by adding the following:
- "(f) A steam vessel not more than one hundred feet in length shall carry also a bright white light aft to show all around the horizon. Such light shall be placed in line with the keel higher than the light required by subdivision (a)."
- SEC. 4. Subdivision (e) of rule 14 in the first section of such Act (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 33, sec. 271 (e)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(e) A vessel at anchor and a vessel aground in or near a channel or fairway shall at intervals of not more than two minutes ring the bell rapidly for from three to five seconds and, in addition, at intervals of not more than three minutes shall sound on the whistle or horn a signal of one short blast, two long blasts, and one short blast in quick succession."
- SEC. 5. The first section of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:
- "RULE 30. (a) Between sunrise and sunset every vessel over sixty-five feet in length when at anchor shall carry forward, where it can best be seen, one black ball not less than two feet in diameter.
- "(b) A vessel over sixty-five feet in length which is not under command shall carry where they can best be seen and, if a steam vessel, in lieu of the white light required by rule 3 (a), two red lights in a

Navigation on  
Great Lakes.

28 Stat. 645.  
Forward light.

28 Stat. 646.  
Additional light for  
large vessels.

*Supra.*

28 Stat. 645.  
Additional light for  
small vessels.

*Supra.*

28 Stat. 648.  
Sound signals.

Vessels over 65 feet  
in length, at anchor.

Vessels not under  
command.  
*Supra.*