TREATY WITH THE MENDAWAKANTON, &c. SIOUX. JUNE 19, 1858. 1031

TREATY between the United States and the Mendawakanton and Wahpakoota Bands of Dakota or Sioux Tribe of Indians. Concluded at Washington, June 19, 1858. Ratified by the Senate March 9, 1859. Proclaimed by the President of the United States, March 31, 1859.

JAMES BUCHANAN,
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

TO ALL AND SINGULAR TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, GREETING:

WHEREAS, a treaty was made and concluded at the city of Washington, on the nineteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, by Charles E. Mix, commissioner on the part of the United States, and the following named chiefs and headmen of the Mendawakanton and Wahpakoota bands of the Dakota or Sioux tribe of Indians, viz.: Wabashaw, Chetanakooamonee, Washuhiyahidan, Shakopee, Wamindeetonekee, Muzzaosjanjan, Tachurnpeemuz-za, Wakinantowa, Chunpivyah, Onkeeterihidan, and Wamowise, braves, on the part of the Mendawakontons, and Hushawashaw chiefs, and Papa and Tataebomdu, braves, on the part of the Wahpakootas, they being duly authorized and empowered to act for said bands; which treaty is in the words and figures following, to wit:

Articles of agreement and convention made and concluded at the city of Washington, on the nineteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, by Charles E. Mix, commissioner, on the part of the United States, and the following named chiefs and headmen of the Mendawakanton and Wahpakoota bands of the Dakota or Sioux tribe of Indians, viz. Wabashaw, Chetanakooamonee, Washuhiyahidan, Shakopee, Wamindeetonekee, Muzzaosjanjan, and Makawto, chiefs, and Himandeta, Hau-ka-Muzza, Wakanosjanjan, Tachurnpeemuz-za, Wakinantowa, Chunpivyah, Onkeeterihidan, and Wamowise, braves, on the part of the Mendawakontons, and Hushawashaw, chief, and Pa-Pa and Tataebomdu, braves, on the part of the Wahpakootas, they being duly authorized and empowered to act for said bands.

ARTICLE I. It is hereby agreed and stipulated that, as soon as practicable after the ratification of this agreement, so much of that part of the reservation or tract of land now held and possessed by the Mendawakanton and Wahpakoota bands of the Dakota or Sioux Indians, and which is described in the third article of the treaty made with them on the fifth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, which lies south or southwestwardly of the Minnesota River, shall constitute a reservation for said bands, and shall be surveyed, and eighty acres thereof, as near as may be in conformity with the public surveys, be allotted in severity to each head of a family, or single person over the age of twenty-one years, in said bands of Indians, said allotments to be so made as to include a proper proportion of timbered land, if the same be practicable, in each of said allotments. The residue of said part of said reservation not so allotted, shall be held by said bands in common, and as other Indian lands are held: Provided, however, That eighty acres thereof, as near as may be, shall, in like manner as above provided for, be allotted to each of the minors of said bands on his or her attaining their majority, or on becoming adults, as the case may be.

80 acres of reservation to be allotted to each head of a family or, &c.

Residue to be held in common.

Further allotments.
ing heads of families by contracting marriage, if neither of the parties shall have previously received land.

Expenses of survey and allotments how borne.

All the necessary expenses of the surveys, and allotments thus provided for, shall be defrayed out of the funds of said bands of Indians in the hands of the government of the United States.

Patents to issue to them for said lands.

As the members of said bands become capable of managing their business and affairs, the President of the United States may, at his discretion, cause patents to be issued to them, for the tracts of land allotted to them respectively, in conformity with this article; said tracts to be exempt from levy, taxation, sale or forfeiture, until otherwise provided for by the legislature of the State in which they are situated with the consent of Congress; nor shall they be sold or alienated in fee, or be in any other manner disposed of except to the United States, or to members of said bands.

Preamble.

Provisions of treaty of August 6th, 1851.

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Amended by the Senate.


Question of title of the bands to certain lands to be submitted to the Senate, and what allowance to be made if decision is in their favor.

Whereas by the treaty with the Mendawakanton and Wahpahkota bands of Sioux Indians, concluded at Mendota on the fifth day of August one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, said bands retained for their future occupancy and home, to be held by them as Indian lands are held, a tract of country of the average width of ten miles on either side of the Minnesota River, extending from Little Rock River to the Tchatahamb and Yellow Medicine Rivers, which land was to be held by said bands in common.

And whereas the Senate of the United States so amended said treaty as to strike therefrom the provision setting apart said land as a home for said bands, and made provision for the payment to said bands at the rate of ten cents per acre for the lands included in said tract so reserved and set apart for the occupancy and home of said bands, and also provided in addition thereto, that there should be set apart, by appropriate landmarks and boundaries, such tracts of land as the President may, with the consent of the Senate, from time to time, set apart and reserve for the home and future occupancy of the members of said bands; and that the Senate amendment providing also that the President may, with the consent of the Senate, from time to time, set apart and reserve from said lands, such tracts of land as the President may deem expedient, all of which provisions in said amendment were assented to by said Indians.

And whereas the President so far varied the conditions of said Senate amendment, as to permit said bands to locate for the time being, upon the tract originally reserved by said bands for a home, and no tracts of country without the limits of the cession made by the first article of the said treaty as to be satisfactory for their future occupancy and home, said Senate amendment providing also that the President may, with the consent of the Senate, set apart and reserve from said lands, such tracts of land as the President may deem expedient, all of which provisions in said amendment were assented to by said Indians.

And whereas, although the President has not directly confirmed said reserve to said bands, they claim that as they were entitled to receive such tracts of country as should be satisfactory for their future occupancy and home, and as no such country has been provided for, or offered to, said bands, it is agreed and stipulated that the question shall be submitted to the Senate for decision whether they have such title; and if they have, what compensation shall be made to them for that part of said reservation or tract of land lying on the north side of the Minnesota River — whether they shall be allowed a specific sum of money therefor, and if so, how much; or whether the same shall be sold for their benefit, they to receive the proceeds of such sale, deducting the necessary expenses incident thereto. Such sale, if decided in favor of by the Senate, shall be made under and according to regulations to be pro-
scribed by the Secretary of the Interior, and in such manner as will secure to them the largest sum it may be practicable to obtain for said land.

ARTICLE III. It is also agreed that if the Senate shall authorize the land designated in article two of this agreement to be sold for the benefit of the said Mendawakanton and Wahpakoota bands, or shall prescribe an amount to be paid said bands for their interest in said tract, provision shall be made by which the chiefs and headmen of said bands may, in their discretion, in open council authorize to be paid out of the proceeds of said tract, such sum or sums as may be found necessary and proper, not exceeding seventy thousand dollars, to satisfy their just debts and obligations, and to provide goods to be taken by said chiefs and headmen to the said bands upon their return: Provided, however, That their said determinations shall be approved by the superintendent of Indian affairs for the northern superintendency for the time being, and the said payments be authorized by the Secretary of the Interior.

ARTICLE IV. The lands retained and to be held by the members of the Mendawakanton and Wahpakoota bands of the Dakota or Sioux Indians, under and by virtue of the first article of this agreement, shall to all intents and purposes whenever, be deemed and held to be an Indian reservation; and the laws which have been, or may hereafter be enacted by Congress, to regulate trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes, shall have full force and effect over and within the limits of the same; and no person other than the members of the said bands, to be ascertained and defined under such regulations as the Secretary of the Interior shall prescribe, unless such as may be duly licensed to trade with said bands, or employed for their benefit, or members of the family of such persons, shall be permitted to reside or make any settlement upon any part of said reservation; and the timbered land allotted to individuals, and also that reserved for subsequent distribution as provided in the first article of this agreement, shall be free from all trespass, use, or occupation, except as hereinafter provided.

ARTICLE V. The United States shall have the right to establish and maintain upon said reservation such military posts, agencies, schools, mills, shops, roads, and agricultural or mechanical improvements, as may be deemed necessary, but no greater quantity of land or timber shall be taken and used for said purposes than shall be actually requisite therefor. And if in the establishment or maintenance of such posts, agencies, roads or other improvements the timber or other property of any individual Indian shall be taken, injured, or destroyed, just and adequate compensation shall be made therefor by the United States. Roads or highways authorized by competent authority other than the United States, the lines of which shall lie through said reservation, shall have the right of way through the same, upon the fair and just value of such right being paid to the said Mendawakanton and Wahpakoota bands by the party or parties authorizing or interested in the same, to be assessed and determined in such manner as the Secretary of the Interior shall direct.

ARTICLE VI. The Mendawakanton and Wahpakoota bands of Dakota or Sioux Indians acknowledge their dependence on the government of the United States, and do hereby pledge and bind themselves to preserve friendly relations with the citizens thereof, and to commit no injuries or depredations on their persons or property, nor on those of the members of any other tribe; but in case of any such injury or depredation, full compensation shall, as far as practicable be made therefor out of their moneys in the hands of the United States; the amount in all cases to be determined by the Secretary of the Interior. They further pledge themselves not to engage in hostilities with the Indians of any other tribe unless in self-defence, but to submit, through their agent, all matters of
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Dispute and difficulty between themselves and other Indians, for the decision of the President of the United States, and to acquiesce in and abide thereby. They also agree to deliver to the proper officers all persons belonging to their said bands who may become offenders against the treaties, laws, or regulations of the United States, or the laws of the State of Minnesota, and to assist in discovering, pursuing, and capturing all such offenders whenever required to do by such officers, through the agent or other proper officer of the Indian department.

ARTICLE VII. To aid in preventing the evils of intemperance, it is hereby stipulated that if any of the members of the said Mendawakanton and Wahpakoota bands of Sioux Indians shall drink, or procure for others, intoxicating liquors, their proportion of the annuities of said bands shall, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, be withheld from them for the period of at least one year; and for a violation of any of the stipulations of this agreement on the part of any members of said bands, the persons so offending shall be liable to have their annuities withheld and to be subject to such other punishment as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

ARTICLE VIII. Such of the stipulations of former treaties as provided for the payment of particular sums of money to the said Mendawakanton and Wahpakoota bands, or for the application or expenditure of specific amounts for particular objects or purposes, shall be, and hereby are, so amended and changed as to invest the Secretary of the Interior with discretionary power in regard to the manner and objects of the annual expenditure of all such sums or amounts which have accrued and are now due to said bands, together with the amount the said bands shall become annually entitled to under and by virtue of the provisions of this agreement: Provided, The said sums or amounts shall be expended for the benefit of said bands at such time or times and in such manner as the said Secretary shall deem best calculated to promote their interests, welfare, and advance in civilization. And it is further agreed, that such change may be made in the stipulations of former treaties which provide for the payment of particular sums for specified purposes, as to permit the chiefs and braves of said bands or any of the subdivisions of said bands, with the sanction of the Secretary of the Interior, to authorize such payment or expenditures of their annuities, or any portion thereof, which are to be become due hereafter, as may be deemed best for the general interests and welfare of the said bands or subdivisions thereof.

ARTICLE IX. As the Senate struck from the treaty with the Mendawakanton band of Sioux of the twenty-ninth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, the ninth clause of the second article and the whole of the third article of said treaty, which provided for the payment of four hundred and fifty (450) dollars annually, for twenty years, to Scott Campbell, and confirmed to the said Scott Campbell a title to five hundred (500) acres of land which he then occupied, said payment and land being deemed by said Indians to form a part of the consideration for which they ceded to the United States a certain tract of land in said treaty specified, which reduction, in the consideration for said land, has never been sanctioned by said Indians, the said Mendawakantons and Wahpakoota bands now request that provision be made for the payment of the sum of ten thousand (10,000) dollars to A. J. Campbell, the son of said Scott Campbell, now deceased, in full consideration of the money stipulated to be paid and land confirmed to said Scott Campbell in the original draft of said treaty aforesaid; which subject is hereby submitted to the Senate for its favorable consideration.

ARTICLE X. The expenses attending the negotiation of this agreement shall be defrayed by the United States.

Senate to decide whether $10,000 shall be paid to A. J. Campbell.

United States to pay expenses of negotiation.
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In testimony whereof, the said Charles E. Mix, Commissioner, as aforesaid, and the undersigned chiefs and headmen of the said Mendawakanton and Wahpakoota bands, have hereunto set their hands and seals at the place and on the day first above written.

CHARLES E. MIX, Commissioner, [L. 8.]

WASH-AW, his x mark. [L. S.]
WA-SU-HI-YA-HI-DAN, his x mark. [L. S.]
SHA-KO-PEE, (Six,) his x mark. [L. S.]
WA-MIN-DEE-TON-KEE, (Large War Eagle,) his x mark. [L. S.]
MUZ-ZA-O-JAN-JAN, (Iron Light,) his x mark. [L. S.]
MA-KAW-TO, (Blue Earth,) his x mark. [L. S.]
HU-SHAW-SHAW, (Red Legs,) his x mark. [L. S.]
HIN-HAN-DU-TA, (Scarlet Owl,) his x mark. [L. S.]
HA-RAKA-MUZ-ZA, (Iron Elk,) his x mark. [L. S.]
WU-KA-NO-JAN-JAN, (Medicine Light,) his x mark. [L. S.]
TA-CHURN-PEE-MUZZA, (His Iron War Club,) his x mark. [L. S.]
WA-KIN-YAN-TO-WA, (Owns the Thunder,) his x mark. [L. S.]
CHURN-PI-YOU-HA, (Has a War Club,) his x mark. [L. S.]
ON-KEE-TER-HI-DAN, (Little Whale,) his x mark. [L. S.]
WA-MO-U-I-SA, (The Thief,) his x mark. [L. S.]
PA-PA, (Sharp,) his x mark. [L. S.]
TA-TA-I-BOM-DU, (Scattering Wind,) his x mark. [L. S.]

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of—

JOSEPH R. BROWN, Sioux Agent,
A. J. CAMPBELL, Interpreter,
N. R. BROWN,
A. ROBERTSON,
JOHN DOWLING,
JAMES R. ROGHE,
B. D. HYAM,
H. J. MYRICK,
THOS. A. ROBERTSON,
FR. SCHMIDT.

Consent of Senate, March 9, 1859.

And whereas the said treaty having been submitted to the Senate of the United States for its constitutional action thereon, the Senate did, on the ninth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, advise and consent to the ratification of the same by a resolution in the words and figures following, to wit:

"IN EXECUTIVE SESSION,

"SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES, March 9, 1859.

"Resolved, (two thirds of the senators present concurring,) That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the articles of agreement and convention made and concluded on the 19th day of June, 1858, with the Mendawakanton and Wahpakoota bands of the Dakota or Sioux Indians.

"Attest:

"ASBURY DICKINS, Secretary."

Now, therefore, be it known that I, JAMES BUCHANAN, President of the United States of America, do, in pursuance of the advice and consent of the Senate, as expressed in their resolution of March the ninth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, accept, ratify, and confirm said treaty.

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In testimony whereof, I have caused the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed, having signed the same with my hand.

Done at the city of Washington, this thirty-first day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and of the independence of the United States the eighty-third.

JAMES BUCHANAN.

By the President:

Lewis Cass, Secretary of State.
TREATY WITH THE SISSEETON, &c., SIOUX. JUNE 19, 1858.


JAMES BUCHANAN,

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

TO ALL AND SINGULAR TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, GREETING: June 19, 1858.

Whereas a treaty was made and concluded, at the city of Washington, on the nineteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, by Charles E. Mix, Commissioner on the part of the United States, and the following named chiefs and headmen of the Sisseton and Wahpeton bands of the Dakota or Sioux tribe of Indians, viz.: Maz-zah-shaw, Wamandupidutah, Ojipi, and Hahutanai, on the part of the Sissetons, and Maz-zomanee, Muz-zakoote-mane, Upiyanahiyaw, Umpedutokechaw, and Tachandupahotanka, on the part of the Wahpetons, they being duly authorized and empowered to act for said bands, which treaty is in the words and figures following, to wit:

Articles of agreement and convention made and concluded at the city of Washington, on the nineteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, by Charles E. Mix, Commissioner on the part of the United States, and the following named chiefs and headmen of the Sisseton and Wahpeton bands of the Dakota or Sioux tribe of Indians, viz.: Maz-zah-shaw, Wamandupidutah, Ojipi, and Hahutanai, on the part of the Sissetons, and Maz-zomanee, Muz-zakoote-mane, Upiyanahiyaw, Umpedutokechaw, and Tachandupahotanka, on the part of the Wahpetons, they being duly authorized and empowered to act for said bands.

ARTICLE I. It is hereby agreed and stipulated that, as soon as practicable after the ratification of this agreement, so much of that part of the reservation or tract of land now held and possessed by the Sisseton and Wahpeton bands of the Dakota or Sioux Indians, and which is described in the third article of the treaty made with them on the twenty-third day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, which lies south or southwestwardly of the Minnesota River, shall constitute a reservation for said bands, and shall be surveyed, and eighty acres thereof, as near as may be in conformity with the public surveys, be allotted in severalty to each head of a family or single person over the age of twenty-one years, in said bands of Indians; said allotments to be so made as to include a proper proportion of timbered land, if the same be practicable, in each of said allotments. The residue of said part of said reservation not so allotted shall be held by said bands in common, and as other Indian lands are held: Provided, however, That eighty acres thereof, as near as may be, shall in like manner, as above provided for, be allotted to each of the minors of said bands on his or her attaining their majority, or on becoming heads of families, by contracting marriage, if neither of the parties shall have previously received land. All the necessary expenses of the surveys and allotments thus provided for shall be defrayed out of the funds of said bands of Indians in the hands of the government of the United States.

As the members of said bands become capable of managing their business and affairs, the President of the United States may at his discretion

Residue to be held in common.

Further allotment.

Expenses of surveys and allotments, how borne.

Patents to issue to them for said lands.