more shall have the right to appear before the examining board and present his claims and be examined for an appointment in the regular navy. And any volunteer officers attached to vessels at sea or on foreign stations may be appointed to the regular navy, subject to the conditions contained in this section, after their return to the United States.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he hereby is, authorized to retain, or to appoint under existing laws and regulations, such volunteer officers in the navy as the exigencies of the service may require.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That lieutenant commanders may be assigned to duty as navigation and watch officers on board of vessels of war as well as first lieutenants of naval stations and of ships of war.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the annual compensation of the admiral of the navy shall be ten thousand dollars a year, and he shall be entitled to the services of a secretary, who shall receive the annual sea pay of a lieutenant in the navy.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That naval constructors and first and second assistant engineers in the navy shall be appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, and shall have naval rank and pay as officers of the navy.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

APPROVED, July 25, 1866.

CHAP. CXXXII. — An Act to revive the Grade of General in the United States Army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the grade of “general of the army of the United States” be, and the same is hereby, revived; and that the President is hereby authorized, whenever he shall deem it expedient, to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a general of the army of the United States, to be selected from among those officers in the military service of the United States most distinguished for courage, skill, and ability, who, being commissioned as general, may be authorized, under the direction and during the pleasure of the President, to command the armies of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pay proper of the general shall be four hundred dollars per month; and his allowance for fuel and quarters, when his headquarters are in Washington, shall be at the rate of three hundred dollars per month, and his other allowances in all respects the same as are allowed to the lieutenant general by the second section of the act approved February twenty-nine, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, entitled “An act reviving the grade of lieutenant general in the United States army”; and the chief of staff to the lieutenant general shall be transferred and be the chief of staff to the general, with the rank, pay, and emoluments of a brigadier-general in the army of the United States; and the act approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, entitled “An act to provide for a chief of staff to the lieutenant general commanding the armies of the United States,” is hereby repealed, and the said general may select from the regular army for service upon his staff such number of aides, not exceeding six, as he may judge proper, who during the term of such staff service shall each have the rank, pay, and emoluments of a colonel of cavalry. And it is hereby provided, that in lieu of the staff now allowed by law to the lieutenant general, he shall be entitled to two aides and one military secretary, each to have the rank, pay, and emoluments of a lieutenant colonel of cavalry, during the term of such staff service.

APPROVED, July 25, 1866.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the objects hereafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, namely:

For salaries of envoys extraordinary, ministers, and commissioners of the United States at Great Britain, France, Russia, Prussia, Spain, Austria, Brazil, republic of Mexico, China, Italy, Chili, Peru, Switzerland, Rome, Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Sweden, Turkey, New Granada, Bolivia, Ecuador, Venezuela, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Sandwich Islands, Costa Rica, Honduras, Argentine Confederation, Paraguay, Japan, and Salvador, three hundred and eight thousand five hundred dollars.

For salaries of secretaries of legation, thirty thousand dollars.

For salaries of assistant secretaries of legation at London and Paris, three thousand dollars.

For salary of the interpreter to the legation to China, five thousand dollars.

For salary of the secretary of legation to Turkey, acting as interpreter, three thousand dollars.

For salary of the interpreter to the legation to Japan, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of all the missions abroad, fifty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of foreign intercourse, sixty-five thousand dollars.

For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, three thousand dollars.

For expenses of the consulates in the Turkish dominions, namely: interpreters, guards, and other expenses of the consulates at Constantinople, Smyrna, Candia, Alexandria, and Beirut, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, two hundred thousand dollars.

For expenses which may be incurred in acknowledging the services of the masters and crews of foreign vessels in rescuing citizens of the United States from shipwreck, ten thousand dollars.

For the purchase of blank books, stationery, book cases, arms of the United States, seals, presses, and flags, and for the payment of postages, and miscellaneous expenses of the consuls of the United States, including loss by exchange, fifty thousand dollars.

For office rent for those consuls general, consuls, and commercial agents who are not allowed to trade, including loss by exchange thereon, forty-five thousand dollars.

For salaries of consuls general, consuls, commercial agents, and thirteen consular clerks, including loss by exchange thereon, namely:

I. CONSULATES GENERAL.

SCHEDULE B.

Alexandria, Calcutta, Constantinople, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Havana, Montreal, Shanghai.

II. CONSULATES.

SCHEDULE B.

Acapulco, Aix-la-Chapelle, Algiers, Amoy, Amsterdam, Antwerp, Aspinwall, Bankok, Basle, Belfast, Beirut, Buenos Ayres, Bordeaux, Bre-