

CHAP. 149.—An Act To change the boundaries of the judicial districts of the State of Florida.

July 23, 1894.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following counties of the State of Florida, to wit: Alachua, Baker, Bradford, Brevard, Clay, Columbia, Dade, Duval, Hamilton, Lake, Madison, Marion, Nassau, Orange, Osceola, Putnam, Saint John, Sumter, Suwannee, and Volusia, be and the same are hereby detached from the northern judicial district of said State, and attached to the southern judicial district thereof.

Florida.
Counties transferred to southern judicial district.
R. S., sec. 534, p. 90, amended.
Vol. 29, p. 280.

SEC. 2. That terms of the district and circuit courts for said southern district shall be held at Jacksonville, Florida, beginning on the first Monday of December of each year, in addition to the times at Key West and Tampa as now provided by law.

Terms, Jacksonville.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That all cases or proceedings pending in the circuit court for the northern district of Florida at Jacksonville, Florida, or filed in the office of the clerk of said circuit court at Jacksonville aforesaid, and all records of said court at Jacksonville aforesaid, are hereby transferred to said circuit court for the southern district of Florida, to be proceeded with therein as if originally instituted in said court. And all cases or proceedings pending in the district court for the northern district of Florida at Jacksonville, Florida, or filed in the office of the clerk of said district court at Jacksonville aforesaid, and all records of said court at Jacksonville aforesaid, are hereby transferred to said district court for the southern district of Florida, to be proceeded with therein as if originally instituted in said court.

Pending causes.

Approved, July 23, 1894.

CHAP. 150.—An Act To authorize the Secretary of State to accept for the United States of America a painting by G. F. Watts, Royal Academician, entitled "Love and Life."

July 23, 1894.

Whereas G. F. Watts, Royal Academician of London, England, has signified, through the Secretary of State, a desire to present to the people of the United States the painting by himself entitled "Love and Life," which painting was on exhibition under the auspices of the Royal British Commissioner at the World's-Columbian Exposition: Therefore,

Preamble.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State be, and he is hereby, instructed to accept the said painting with a suitable acknowledgment of thanks to the said G. F. Watts, Royal Academician, and that all the duties due and payable to the United States on the said painting imported from London be, and the same are hereby, remitted.

Painting "Love and Life" accepted.

Duties remitted.

Approved, July 23, 1894.

CHAP. 151.—An Act Granting to the University of Utah a site off the public domain.

July 23, 1894.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby granted to the Territory of Utah, and to any State formed from the same, the following tract of land: Commencing on the west boundary line of the Fort Douglas military reservation at a point where it is intersected by the north line of Fourth South street, in Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, and running thence north on said line one hundred and thirty-six rods, more or less, to a point where the south line of First South street, in said city, according to the plat thereof, intersects the said boundary

Utah.
Lands granted for University.
Ante, p. 109.

Condition.

line; thence running east seventy and eighty-one one-hundred-and-thirty-sixths rods; thence south parallel with said west boundary line one hundred and thirty-six rods, more or less, to a point due east of the point of beginning; thence running west seventy and eighty-six one-hundred-and-thirty-sixths rods, to the point of beginning, containing sixty acres, for a site and campus for the University of Utah, and upon the condition that such tract shall be occupied by the said university within five years after the passage of this Act, and perpetually thereafter; and in case it is not so occupied and used it shall revert to the United States.

Approved, July 23, 1894.

July 23, 1894.

CHAP. 152.—An Act Granting to the Columbia Irrigation Company a right of way through the Yakima Indian Reservation, in Washington.

Columbia Irrigation Company granted right of way, Yakima Indian Reservation, Wash.

Location.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right of way is hereby granted, as is hereinafter set forth, to the Columbia Irrigation Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Washington, for the construction of an irrigation canal through the Yakima Indian Reservation, from a point about one-half mile below where the Atalnam Creek empties into the Yakima River, on said reservation, in Yakima County, in the State of Washington; thence extending in a southerly direction, to a point where said canal crosses the Toppenish Creek; thence in a southeasterly direction, by the most practical route, to a point on the east boundary of said reservation, at or near section nineteen (19), township eight (8) north, range twenty-three (23) east of the Willamette meridian.

Use of water.

SEC. 2. That the said irrigation company shall have the right to appropriate and use any and all water necessary for their use from the Yakima River, not otherwise appropriated and in actual use at the time of the passage of this Act, or that may not be necessary for the domestic and irrigating purposes of any Indian to whom an allotment has been made, or shall hereafter be made, upon or along said Yakima River.

Storage reservoirs.

SEC. 3. That the said irrigation company is hereby granted sufficient land on said reservation for reservoirs for the storage of water to be used during the dry season, and for right of way connecting said storage reservoirs with said irrigation canal, and shall have the right to locate, construct, and maintain the same under the same terms and restrictions provided herein for the right of way of said canal.

Width.

SEC. 4. That the right of way hereby granted to said company shall be seventy-five (75) feet in width on each side of the central line of said canal as aforesaid; and said company shall also have the right to take from said lands adjacent to the line of said canal material, stone, earth, and timber necessary for the construction of said canal.

Material.

Damages to individual.

SEC. 5. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Interior to fix the amount of compensation to be paid individual members of the tribe for damages sustained by them by reason of the construction of said canal, and to provide the time and manner for the payment thereof; but no right of any kind shall vest in said irrigation company in or to any part of the right of way herein provided for until plats thereof made upon actual survey for the definite location of such canal shall be filed with and approved by the Secretary of the Interior, which approval shall be made in writing, and be open for the inspection of any party interested therein; and the survey, construction, and operation of such canal shall be conducted with due regard for the rights of the Indians, and in accordance with such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may make to carry out this provision.

Secretary of the Interior to approve location, etc.

Not assignable.

SEC. 6. That said company shall not assign or transfer or mortgage this right of way for any purpose whatever until said canal shall be