

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Navy Department.

For stationery, furniture, newspapers, plans, drawings, drawing materials, horses and wagons, to be used only for official purposes, freight, expressage, postage, and other absolutely necessary expenses of the Navy Department and its various bureaus and offices, one thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous expenses.

NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Navy.

Pay miscellaneous: For commissions and interest; transportation of funds; exchange; mileage to officers while traveling under orders in the United States, and for actual personal expenses of officers while traveling abroad under orders, and for traveling expenses of apothecaries, yeomen, and civilian employees, and for actual and necessary traveling expenses of naval cadets while proceeding from their homes to the Naval Academy for examination and appointment as cadets; for rent and furniture of buildings and offices not in navy-yards; expenses of courts-martial, prisoners and prison, and courts of inquiry, boards of inspection, examining boards, with clerks' and witnesses' fees, and traveling expenses and costs; stationery and recording; expenses of purchasing paymasters' offices of the various cities, including clerks, furniture, fuel, stationery, and incidental expenses; newspapers and advertising; foreign postage; telegraphing, foreign and domestic; telephones; copying; care of library, including the purchase of books, photographs, prints, manuscripts, and periodicals; ferriages, tolls, and express fees; costs of suits; commissions, warrants, diplomas, and discharges; relief of vessels in distress; canal tolls and pilotage; recovery of valuables from shipwrecks; quarantine expenses; reports; professional investigation; cost of special instruction, at home or abroad, in maintenance of students and attachés and information from abroad, and the collection and classification thereof, and other necessary and incidental expenses, one hundred thousand dollars.

Pay, miscellaneous.

The appropriations herein made, except as otherwise provided, shall continue available until January first, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine.

Appropriations how long available.

Approved, May 4, 1898.

CHAP. 236.—An Act For the removal of suits from the courts of the State of Texas to the courts of the United States in the State of Texas.

May 4, 1898.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in cases of removal of suits from the courts of the State of Texas to the courts of the United States in said State of Texas such removal shall be to the United States court in the division where the county is situated from which the removal is made, and the time within which the removal shall be perfected, in so far as it refers to or is regulated by the terms of the United States court, shall be deemed to refer to the terms of the United States courts in such division.

Texas. Removal of suits from State to Federal courts.

SEC. 2. That all laws in conflict with the provisions of this Act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Repeal.

Approved, May 4, 1898.

CHAP. 237.—An Act To provide for a survey of Elk River, in Tennessee and Alabama.

May 4, 1898.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized and directed to cause a survey to be made of Elk River,

Elk River, Tennessee, etc., survey of.

Reports.

in Tennessee and Alabama, and that a report be made as early as practicable showing the probable cost of improving the river so as to make it available for light-draft steamers. The Secretary of War is also directed to report to Congress his opinion as to the advisability of the contemplated survey.

Approved, May 4, 1898.

May 4, 1898.

CHAP. 238.—An Act Permitting the building of a dam across Rainy Lake River.

Koochiching Com-
pany may dam Rainy
Lake River, Minne-
sota.

—lock.

Provisos.
Government posses-
sion.

Passage of saw logs
and fish.
Changes.

Litigation.

Amendment.

Commencement and
completion.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Koochiching Company, its successors and assigns, to construct across the Rainy Lake River, at any part of the rapids in section twenty-seven, township seventy-one north, range twenty-four west of the fourth principal meridian, in the State of Minnesota, a dam, canal, and works necessarily incident thereto, for water-power purposes. The said dam shall be so constructed that there can at any time be constructed in connection therewith a suitable lock for navigation purposes: *Provided*, That the Government of the United States may at any time take possession of said dam and appurtenant works and control the same for purposes of navigation by paying the said company the actual cost of the same, but shall not do so to the destruction of the water power created by said dam to any greater extent than may be necessary to provide proper facilities for navigation: *Provided further*, That the works shall be constructed so as to provide for the free passage of saw logs and fish. The said Koochiching Company, its successors and assigns, shall make such change and modification in the works as the Secretary of War may from time to time deem necessary in the interests of navigation, at its own cost and expense: *Provided further*, That in case any litigation arises from the obstruction of the channel by the dam, canal, or other works erected in connection therewith, the case may be tried in the proper court of the United States in the district in which the works are situated.

SEC. 2. That the right to amend, alter, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

SEC. 3. That this Act shall be null and void unless the dam herein authorized be commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date hereof.

Approved, May 4, 1898.

May 5, 1898.

CHAP. 241.—An Act To prevent the adulteration of candy in the District of Columbia.

District of Columbia.
Adulteration of
candy prohibited.

Penalty for viola-
tion.

Prosecution of com-
plaints.

To take effect, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no person or corporation shall, by himself, his servant, or agent, or as the servant or agent of any other person or corporation, manufacture for sale or knowingly sell or offer to sell any candy adulterated by the admixture of terra alba, barytes, talc, or any other mineral substance, by poisonous colors or flavors, or other ingredients deleterious or detrimental to health.

SEC. 2. That any person or corporation convicted of violating any of the provisions of this Act shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars. The candy so adulterated shall be forfeited and destroyed under the direction of the court.

SEC. 3. That it is hereby made the duty of the prosecuting attorneys of the District of Columbia to appear for the people and to attend to the prosecution of all complaints under this Act in all the courts of said District.

SEC. 4. That this Act shall take effect upon its passage.

Approved, May 5, 1898.