

# PUBLIC RESOLUTION OF THE FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS

OF THE

## UNITED STATES

*Passed at the first session, which was begun and held at the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the ninth day of November, 1903, and terminated Monday, the seventh day of December, 1903.*

THEODORE ROOSEVELT, President; WILLIAM P. FRYE, President of the Senate *pro tempore*; JOSEPH G. CANNON, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

[No. 1.] Joint Resolution Making immediately available the appropriations for mileage of Senators and Members of the House of Representatives, and for other purposes. November 12, 1903.  
[H. J. R. 14.]  
[Pub. Res., No. 1.]

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the appropriations for mileage of Senators, Members of the House of Representatives, and Delegates from the Territories made in the legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, approved February twenty-fifth, nineteen hundred and three, be, and the same are hereby made immediately available and authorized to be paid to Senators, Members of the House of Representatives, and Delegates from the Territories for attendance on the first session of the Fifty-eighth Congress.*

*Resolved, That the Speaker is authorized to designate from time to time some one from among those appointed by him and appropriated for and employed in his office, whose duty it shall be under the direction of the Speaker to sign in his name and for him all certificates required by section forty-seven of the Revised Statutes for salary and accounts for traveling expenses in going to and returning from Congress of Representatives and Delegates.*

*Resolved, That the appropriations made in the legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, approved February twenty-fifth, nineteen hundred and three, for compensation of session employees of the Senate and House of Representatives, be, and the same are hereby made available from and including the ninth day of November, nineteen hundred and three, until the close of the first session of the Fifty-eighth Congress; and persons employed under said appropriations shall be paid from the date of their actual employment, without regard to the date of their respective oaths of office, and at the rates per diem or per month as provided in said act.*

Approved, November 12, 1903.

Mileage of Senators and Members.  
Appropriation immediately available.

Vol. 32, pp. 854, 852.

Speaker may designate substitute to sign salary, etc., accounts.

R. S., sec. 47, p. 8.

Appropriation for session employees made available.

Vol. 32, pp. 856, 857, 860.

To be paid from date of actual employment.

# PUBLIC ACTS OF THE FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS

OF THE

## UNITED STATES

*Passed at the second session, which was begun and held at the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the seventh day of December, 1903, and was adjourned without day on Thursday, the twenty-eighth day of April, 1904.*

THEODORE ROOSEVELT, President; WILLIAM P. FRYE, President of the Senate *pro tempore*; JOSEPH G. CANNON, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

**CHAP. 1.**—An Act To carry into effect a convention between the United States and the Republic of Cuba, signed on the eleventh day of December, in the year nineteen hundred and two.

December 17, 1903.  
[H. R. 1921.]

[Public, No. 1.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That whenever the President of the United States shall receive satisfactory evidence that the Republic of Cuba has made provision to give full effect to the articles of the convention between the United States and the Republic of Cuba, signed on the eleventh day of December, in the year nineteen hundred and two, he is hereby authorized to issue his proclamation declaring that he has received such evidence, and thereupon on the tenth day after exchange of ratifications of such convention between the United States and the Republic of Cuba, and so long as the said convention shall remain in force, all articles of merchandise being the product of the soil or industry of the Republic of Cuba, which are now imported into the United States free of duty, shall continue to be so admitted free of duty, and all other articles of merchandise being the product of the soil or industry of the Republic of Cuba imported into the United States shall be admitted at a reduction of twenty per centum of the rates of duty thereon, as provided by the tariff Act of the United States, approved July twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, or as may be provided by any tariff law of the United States subsequently enacted. The rates of duty herein granted by the United States to the Republic of Cuba are and shall continue during the term of said convention preferential in respect to all like imports from other countries: *Provided,* That while said convention is in force no sugar imported from the Republic of Cuba, and being the product of the soil or industry of the Republic of Cuba, shall be admitted into the United States at a reduction of duty greater than twenty per centum of the rates of duty thereon, as provided by the tariff Act of the United States, approved July twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, and no sugar the product of any other foreign country shall be admitted by treaty or convention into the United States while this convention is in force at a lower rate of duty than that provided by the tariff Act of the United States approved July twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven: *And provided further,* That nothing herein contained shall be held or construed as an admission on the part of the

Cuba.  
Preferential duties  
on imports from.  
*Post,* p. 2116.

Vol. 30, p. 151.

Duration.

*Proviso.*  
Limitation of sugar  
duties.

Vol. 30, p. 168.

Declaration as to  
origin of customs leg-  
islation.