

of street parking in said District," be, and it is hereby, amended by striking out of paragraph five of section two of said Act the words "Class B," and substituting therefor the words "Classes (a) and (b)."

Approved, April 14, 1906.

Verbal correction.

CHAP. 1623.—An Act To amend the provision in an Act approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, imposing a charge for tuition on nonresident pupils in the public schools of the District of Columbia.

April 14, 1906.
[S. 4302.]

[Public, No. 98.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provision in the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations to provide for the expenses of the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred, and for other purposes," approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, which reads: "That hereafter pupils shall not be admitted to or taught free of charge in the public schools of the District of Columbia who do not reside in said District, or whose parents do not reside or are not engaged in business or public duties therein," and so forth, be, and the same hereby is, amended so as to read as follows:

District of Columbia.
Public schools.
Vol. 30, p. 1056,
amended.

"That hereafter pupils shall not be admitted to or taught free of charge in the public schools of the District of Columbia who do not reside in said District, or who during such tutelage do not own property in and pay taxes levied by the government of the District of Columbia, or whose parents do not reside or are not engaged in business or public duties therein, or during such tutelage pay taxes levied by the government of the District of Columbia: *Provided,* That such pupils may be admitted to and taught in said public schools on the payment of such amount, to be fixed by the board of trustees, with the approval of the Commissioners of said District, as will cover the expense of their tuition and cost of text-books and school supplies used by them; and all payments hereunder shall be paid into the Treasury, one-half to the credit of the United States and one-half to the credit of the District of Columbia."

Free admission denied nonresidents.
Exception extended.

Proviso.
Payment for tuition, etc.

Disposal of proceeds.

Approved, April 14, 1906.

CHAP. 1624.—An Act To amend section nine hundred and twenty-seven of the Code of Law for the District of Columbia, relating to insane criminals.

April 14, 1906.
[S. 4426.]

[Public, No. 99.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section nine hundred and twenty-seven of an Act entitled "An Act to establish a Code of Law for the District of Columbia," approved March third, nineteen hundred and one, as amended by the Acts approved January thirty-first and June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and two, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

District of Columbia.
Code amendment.
Vol. 31, p. 1340.

Vol. 32, pp. 2, 520.

"**SEC. 927. INSANE CRIMINALS.**—When any person tried upon an indictment or information for an offense is acquitted on the sole ground that he was insane at the time of its commission, that fact shall be set forth by the jury in their verdict; and whenever a person is indicted or is charged by an information for an offense, and before trial or after a verdict of guilty, prima facie evidence is submitted to the court that the accused is then insane, the court may cause a jury to be impaneled from the jurors then in attendance on the court or, if the regular jurors have been discharged, may cause a sufficient number of jurors to be drawn to inquire into the insanity of the accused, and said inquiry shall be conducted in the presence and under the direction of the court.

Insanity of criminals at time of the offense.
When tried on information, added.
Vol. 31, p. 1340,
amended.

Confinement.

If the jury shall find the accused to be then insane, or if an accused person shall be acquitted by the jury solely on the ground of insanity, the court may certify the fact to the Secretary of the Interior, who may order such person to be confined in the hospital for the insane, and said person and his estate shall be charged with the expense of his support in the said hospital. The person whose sanity is in question shall be entitled to his bill of exceptions and an appeal as in other cases."

Appeal.

Approved, April 14, 1906.

April 14, 1906.
[S. 5215.]

[Public, No. 100.]

CHAP. 1625.—An Act To fix the regular terms of the circuit and district courts of the United States for the southern division of the northern district of Alabama, and for other purposes.

Alabama northern
judicial district.
Terms, for southern
division, at Birming-
ham.
R. S., secs. 572, 658,
pp. 98, 120.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the regular terms of the circuit and district courts of the United States for the southern division of the northern district of Alabama shall be held at the city of Birmingham, in the county of Jefferson, twice in each year, on the first Mondays in March and September, and that said courts shall remain in open session for the transaction of business at least six months in each calendar year.

Assignment of judge
from other districts.

SEC. 2. That whenever the judge for the northern district of Alabama deems it advisable, on account of disability or absence, or of the accumulation of business therein, or for any other cause, that said court should be held by the judge of some other district or circuit court, he shall, in writing, request the presiding judge for the fifth judicial circuit of the United States to assign a judge to hold the term or terms of said court.

Approved, April 14, 1906.

April 14, 1906.
[H. R. 4461.]

[Public, No. 101.]

CHAP. 1626.—An Act To provide for the abatement of nuisances in the District of Columbia by the Commissioners of said District, and for other purposes.

District of Columbia.
Abatement of nui-
sances on failure of
owner.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever the owner of any real property in the District of Columbia shall fail or refuse, after the service of reasonable notice in the manner hereinafter provided, to correct any condition which exists on or has arisen from such property in violation of law or of any regulation made by authority of law, with the correction of which condition said owner is by law or by said regulation chargeable, or to show cause, sufficient in the judgment of the Commissioners of said District, why he should not be required to correct such condition, then, and in that instance, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia may, and they are hereby authorized to, cause such condition to be corrected; assess the cost of correcting such condition and all expenses incident thereto (including the cost of publication, if any, hereinafter provided for) as a tax against the property on which such condition existed or from which such condition arose, as the case may be; and carry such tax on the regular tax rolls of said District, and collect such tax in the same manner as general taxes in said District are collected: *Provided,* That the correction of any condition aforesaid by said Commissioners under authority of this section shall not relieve the owner of the property on which such condition existed, or from which such condition arose, from criminal prosecution and punishment for having caused or allowed such unlawful condition to arise or for having failed or refused to correct the same.

Duty of Commis-
sioners.

Property taxed for
costs.

Proviso.
Owners not exempt
from criminal prose-
cution, etc.