

now marked, and running thence south sixty-five degrees east, fourteen perches to the said black oak, thence still south sixty-five degrees east, twelve and a half perches to a post north, sixty-five and three-quarters degrees east, twelve perches to a post standing southwardly nine feet from a large white oak, thence south forty-seven degrees east, forty-eight perches to a marked sassafras, thence still south forty-seven degrees east, two perches to the water of Chesapeake Bay, thence bounding on the water on said Bay and Pataspco River south, seventy-four degrees west seven perches, south eighty and a half degrees west ten perches, north seventy-one degrees west fifteen perches, north fifty-seven and a half degrees west twelve perches, north forty-six and a half degrees west, twelve perches, north forty-six and a half degrees west, forty-four perches and eight-tenths of a perch, until it intersects a line drawn south forty-eight degrees west from the place of beginning, and thence to the beginning, containing seven acres and twenty-two square perches of land more or less.

Approved, November 19, 1919.

November 19, 1919.
[S. 2495.]

[Public, No. 87.]

CHAP. 114.—An Act Transferring the tract of land known as Craney Island from the jurisdiction of the War Department to the jurisdiction of the Treasury Department and transferring the tract of land known as Fishermans Island from the jurisdiction of the Treasury Department to the jurisdiction of the War Department.

Craney Island, Va.
Transferred for Public Health Service use.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the military reservation known as Craney Island, now under the control and jurisdiction of the War Department, lying on the western side of the Elizabeth River in Norfolk County, Virginia, and bounded by the waters of the Elizabeth River, Craney Island Creek, Thoroughfare Creek, and James River, be, and the same hereby is, transferred to and placed under the control and jurisdiction of the Treasury Department for the use of the Public Health Service; and that the sandspit or island called Fishermans Island, or Linen Bar, now under the control and jurisdiction of the Treasury Department, situate, lying, and being in the county of Northampton off the point of Cape Charles, between the Atlantic Ocean and Chesapeake Bay, in the eastern district of Virginia, about twelve miles south of Cape Charles City and about one and one-quarter miles from Cape Charles Light, containing two hundred and twenty-five acres, more or less, above high-water mark, be, and the same hereby is, transferred to and placed under the control and jurisdiction of the War Department for use for military purposes.

Approved, November 19, 1919.

November 19, 1919.
[S. 3159.]

[Public, No. 88.]

CHAP. 115.—An Act To authorize the State road department of the State of Florida to construct and maintain a bridge across the Choctawhatchee River, near Caryville, Florida, approximately one hundred and seventy feet south of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Bridge.

Choctawhatchee River.
State road department may bridge, Caryville, Fla.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That authority is hereby granted to the State road department of the State of Florida, its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Choctawhatchee River at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, near Caryville, Florida, approximately one hundred and seventy feet south of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Bridge, in accordance with the provisions of the Act

entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, November 19, 1919.

Construction.
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Amendment.

CHAP. 116.—An Act To provide for the reimbursement of the United States for motive power, cars, and other equipment ordered for railroads and systems of transportation under Federal control, and for other purposes.

November 19, 1919.
[S. 3319.]

[Public, No. 89.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to make provision for the reimbursement of the United States for the sums advanced to provide motive power, cars, and other equipment ordered by the President for the railroads and systems of transportation now under Federal control, herein called "carriers," pursuant to the authority conferred by the second paragraph of section 6 of the Act of March 21, 1918, the President may, upon such terms as he shall deem advisable, receive in reimbursement cash, or obligations of any carrier, or part cash and part such obligations, or in his discretion he may accept for such motive power, cars, or other equipment, cash or the shares of stock or obligations, secured or unsecured, of any corporation not a carrier organized for the purpose of owning equipment or equipment obligations, or part cash and part such shares of stock and obligations, and he may transfer to such corporation any obligations of carriers received on account of motive power, cars, or other equipment, and he may execute any instruments necessary and proper to carry out the intent of the second paragraph of section 6 of said Act of March 21, 1918, to the end that title to the motive power, cars, and other equipment so ordered by the President as aforesaid for the carriers may rest in them or their trustees or nominees.

Federal railroad control.
Reimbursement of advances to carriers for motive power, cars, etc., furnished during.

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Mode of payment.

Acceptance of equipment trust securities, etc.

Title transferred.

In addition to the powers herein and heretofore conferred, the President is further authorized to dispose, in the manner and for the consideration aforesaid, of motive power, cars, and other equipment, if any, provided by him in accordance with any other provisions of said section, and of any obligations of carriers that may be received in reimbursement of the cost thereof.

Disposal of cars, etc., furnished to carriers.

SEC. 2. That any contract for the sale of any motive power, cars, or other equipment ordered or provided under any of the provisions of section 6 of said Act of March 21, 1918, may provide that title thereto, notwithstanding delivery of possession, shall not vest in the carrier until the purchase price, which may be payable in installments during any period not exceeding fifteen years, shall be fully paid and the conditions of purchase fully performed. Any such contract shall be in writing, and acknowledged or proved before some person authorized to administer oaths, and filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission within sixty days after the delivery thereof, and shall be valid and enforceable as against all persons whomsoever.

Contracts for cars, etc., may provide for title not to vest until price fully paid.

Contract requirements.

SEC. 3. That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to abrogate or limit the powers conferred upon the President by said Act of March 21, 1918.

Powers of President not impaired.

SEC. 4. That the President may execute any of the powers herein granted through such agencies as he may determine.

Delegation of powers.

SEC. 5. That this Act is emergency legislation, enacted to meet conditions growing out of war and to effectuate said Act of March 21, 1918.

Emergency declared.

Approved, November 19, 1919.