

Tuesday in January and the fourth Tuesday in May. The clerk of the district court shall appoint a deputy clerk at each place where the court is now required to be held at which the clerk shall not himself reside, who shall keep his office and reside at the place appointed for the holding of said court.”

Deputy clerks and offices.

Approved, April 10, 1926.

CHAP. 114.—An Act To amend an Act entitled “An Act to authorize the President of the United States to locate, construct, and operate railroads in the Territory of Alaska, and for other purposes,” approved March 12, 1914.

April 10, 1926.
[H. R. 6117.]
[Public No. 97.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Alaskan Railroad Act approved March 12, 1914, is hereby amended so as to permit the issuance of passes to ministers of religion, traveling secretaries of Railroad Young Men’s Christian Associations, and persons exclusively engaged in charitable and eleemosynary work when engaged in their work in Alaska; to indigent, destitute, and homeless persons, inmates of hospitals and charitable and eleemosynary institutions, and to such persons when transported by charitable societies or hospitals, and the necessary agents employed in such transportation; to newsboys on trains, persons injured in wrecks and physicians and nurses attending such persons; the interchange of passes for the officers, agents, and employees of common carriers, and their families; and the carrying of passengers free with the object of providing relief in cases of general epidemic, pestilence, or other calamitous visitation.

Alaskan Railroad.
Free transportation on, extended.
Vol. 38, p. 306, amended.

Approved, April 10, 1926.

CHAP. 115.—An Act To amend section 9 of the Act of May 27, 1908 (Thirty-fifth Statutes at Large, page 312), and for putting in force, in reference to suits involving Indian titles, the statutes of limitations of the State of Oklahoma, and providing for the United States to join in certain actions, and for making judgments binding on all parties, and for other purposes.

April 10, 1926.
[H. R. 4761.]
[Public No. 98.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 9 of the Act of May 27, 1908 (Thirty-fifth Statutes at Large, page 312), entitled “An Act for the removal of restrictions on part of the lands of allottees of the Five Civilized Tribes, and for other purposes,” be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

Five Civilized Tribes.
Vol. 35, p. 315, amended.

“Sec. 9. The death of any allottee of the Five Civilized Tribes shall operate to remove all restrictions upon the alienation of said allottee’s land: *Provided*, That hereafter no conveyance by any full-blood Indian of the Five Civilized Tribes of any interest in lands restricted by section 1 of this Act acquired by inheritance or devise from an allottee of such lands shall be valid unless approved by the county court having jurisdiction of the settlement of the estate of the deceased allottee or testator: *Provided further*, That if any member of the Five Civilized Tribes of one-half or more Indian blood shall die leaving issue surviving, born since March 4, 1906, the homestead of such deceased allottee shall remain inalienable, unless restrictions against alienation are removed therefrom by the Secretary of the Interior for the use and support of such issue, during their life or lives, until April 26, 1931; but if no such issue survive, then such allottee, if an adult, may dispose of his homestead by will free from restrictions; if this be not done, or in the event the issue hereinabove provided for die before April 26, 1931,

Alienation restrictions removed by death of allottee.

Provisos.
Conveyances by full-blood Indians of interests acquired from allottees.
Vol. 35, p. 312.

Distribution of homesteads of allottees of half blood or more.

In case of no issue.