

## SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE

Seizure, forfeiture,  
etc., of vessels em-  
ployed in violation.

Anti, p. 143.

SEC. 9. Every vessel, boat, or craft, employed in any manner in violating any of the provisions of the said convention or of this Act shall be seized by any collector, surveyor, inspector, officer of a revenue cutter, or person specified in section 7 hereof, and except as provided in section 8 hereof, every such vessel, boat, or craft, including its tackle, apparel, furniture, cargo, and stores, shall be forfeited to the United States by proper proceedings in the district court of the United States, including the United States District Courts of Alaska, in the judicial district in which the violation is alleged to have occurred; or in the United States district court in the nearest judicial district within the United States, if the violation is alleged to have occurred outside the territorial waters of the United States.

## FISHERIES COMMISSION EXEMPTION

Fisheries Commis-  
sion exempt when in  
scientific investigation.

SEC. 10. None of the inhibitions contained in this Act shall apply to the International Fisheries Commission when engaged in any scientific investigation.

## DURATION OF ACT

Duration.

SEC. 11. This Act shall take effect immediately and shall continue in force until the termination of the convention signed by the United States and the Dominion of Canada, on May 9, 1930, for the preservation of the halibut fishery of the northern Pacific Ocean and Bering Sea.

Approved, May 2, 1932.

## [CHAPTER 155.]

## AN ACT

May 2, 1932.

[H. R. 8914.]

[Public, No. 114.]

To accept the grant by the State of Montana of concurrent police jurisdiction over the rights of way of the Blackfeet Highway, and over the rights of way of its connections with the Glacier National Park road system on the Blackfeet Indian Reservation in the State of Montana.

Rights of way, Black-  
feet Highway, Mont.  
Acceptance of grant  
by Montana of concu-  
rent jurisdiction over,  
and connections with  
Glacier National Park.

Applicability of Fed-  
eral laws, etc.

Notice to Governor.

Administrative con-  
trol.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the provisions of the act of the Legislature of the State of Montana, approved February 27, 1929, granting to the United States concurrent police jurisdiction over and within all the territory which is now or may hereafter be included in the rights of way of the Blackfeet Highway, including the highway itself throughout its length between Glacier Park Station and the Canadian boundary line, and including also the rights of way of the highways on the Blackfeet Indian Reservation connecting the Blackfeet Highway with the Glacier National Park road system, including the highways themselves, are hereby accepted, and the laws and regulations of the United States relating to and while in force within the Glacier National Park, so far as applicable, are hereby extended over and within the territory of said rights of way and highways.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Interior shall notify, in writing, the Governor of the State of Montana of the passage and approval of this Act, and so far as the interests of the United States shall require, the said Secretary shall exercise administrative control and jurisdiction over said rights of way and highways through the National Park Service.

SEC. 3. The United States commissioner for the Glacier National Park shall have jurisdiction under the provisions of the Act of August 22, 1914 (38 Stat. 699), of violations of law or the rules and regulations of the Secretary of the Interior in force within said rights of way and highways.

Approved, May 2, 1932.

Commissioner for  
Glacier National Park.  
Jurisdiction ex-  
tended.  
Vol. 38, p. 699,  
amended.

[CHAPTER 156.]

AN ACT

To authorize expenditures for the enforcement of the contract-labor provisions of the immigration law.

May 2, 1932.  
[H. R. 9538.]  
[Public, No. 115.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That section 24 of the Immigration Act of February 5, 1917 (39 Stat. 874), is amended by striking out the figures "\$100,000" where they appear in said section and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "\$200,000."

Immigration law.  
Contract labor pro-  
visions, enforcement  
amount increased.  
Vol. 39, p. 893,  
amended.

Approved, May 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 157.]

AN ACT

For establishment of the Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park.

May 2, 1932.  
[H. R. 4752.]  
[Public, No. 116.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That for the purpose of permanently commemorating the long-existing relationship of peace and good will existing between the people and Governments of Canada and the United States and upon the enactment by the proper authority of the Canadian Government of a similar provision respecting the Waterton Lakes National Park in the Province of Alberta and upon the proclamation of the President of the United States, who is hereby authorized to issue such a proclamation, the Glacier National Park in the State of Montana shall become a part of an international park to be known as the Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park.

Waterton-Glacier  
International Peace  
Park.  
Establishment of.

Concurrent action by  
Canada.

Proclamation to is-  
sue.  
Post, p. 2519.  
Glacier National  
Park to become a part.

SEC. 2. For purposes of administration, promotion, development, and support by appropriations that part of the said Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park within the territory of the United States shall be designated as the Glacier National Park.

Designation of por-  
tion within the United  
States.

Approved, May 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 162.]

AN ACT

To authorize the modification of the boundary line between the Panama Canal Zone and the Republic of Panama, and for other purposes.

May 3, 1932.  
[H. R. 7119.]  
[Public, No. 117.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That with respect to that parcel of land in the Panama Canal Zone known as the Paitilla Point Military Reservation, title to which was acquired by the Government of the United States under the conventions concluded on November 18, 1903, and September 2, 1914, between the United States and Panama, the Secretary of State be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to effect with the Republic of Panama a modification of the boundary line between the Panama Canal Zone and the Republic of Panama so that such line shall then run as follows:

Paitilla Point Mil-  
itary Reservation.  
Modification of  
Canal Zone-Panama  
boundary line, with  
respect to.

Vol. 33, p. 2234; Vol.  
38, p. 1893.

"Beginning at a concrete monument marked "E," which is a point on the line on the north boundary of the Paitilla Point Mil-

Description.