

such regulations as he may prescribe, at any time during a period of two years from the dates of such commissions, and each officer whose commission is so revoked shall be discharged from the service with not more than one year's pay. The rank of such officers of the same date of commission among themselves at the end of said period shall be determined by boards of officers under such rules as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, and the recommendations of such boards shall be final when approved by him.

Approved, May 6, 1932.

[CHAPTER 171.]

AN ACT

To give war-time commissioned rank to retired warrant officers and enlisted men.

May 7, 1932.  
[S. 480.]

[Public, No. 123.]

Discharge.  
Boards to determine rank, etc.

Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard.  
War time rank given to retired warrant officers and enlisted men of.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That all warrant officers and enlisted men who served in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States during the World War or the Spanish-American War, and whose service during such war was creditable, and who have been or hereafter may be retired according to law, shall on the date of approval of this Act or upon retirement in the case of those now on the active lists of the services named herein, be advanced in rank on the retired list to the highest commissioned, warrant, or enlisted grade held by them during such war: *Provided,* That nothing in this Act shall entitle any of the personnel described herein, while on active duty, to any other rank than that in which they were serving at the time of retirement: *And provided further,* That no increase in active or retired pay or allowances shall result from the passage of this Act.

Approved, May 7, 1932.

[CHAPTER 172.]

AN ACT

To amend section 11 of the Act approved February 22, 1889 (25 Stat. 676), relating to the admission into the Union of the States of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, and Washington.

May 7, 1932.  
[S. 2396.]

[Public, No. 124.]

Public lands of designated States.  
Disposal of school grants, modified.  
Vol. 25, p. 676, amended.  
Public sale required.  
Tillable and grazing lands; minimum price.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That section 11 of the Act approved February 22, 1889 (25 Stat. 676), be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"That all lands granted by this Act shall be disposed of only at public sale after advertising—tillable lands capable of producing agricultural crops for not less than \$10 per acre and lands principally valuable for grazing purposes for not less than \$5 per acre. Any of the said lands may be exchanged for other lands, public or private, of equal value and as near as may be of equal area, but if any of the said lands are exchanged with the United States, such exchange shall be limited to surveyed, nonmineral, unreserved public lands of the United States within the State.

"The said lands may be leased under such regulations as the legislature may prescribe; but leases for grazing and agricultural purposes shall not be for a term longer than five years; mineral leases, including leases for exploration for oil and gas and the extraction thereof, for a term not longer than twenty years; and leases for development of hydroelectric power for a term not longer than fifty years.

Exchanges; restriction.

Leases.  
Grazing and agricultural lands.  
Mineral leases.

For hydroelectric power.