

degree of bachelor of science upon such other living graduates of the said academies as shall have met the requirements of the respective academies for such degree.”

Approved, July 8, 1937.

[CHAPTER 442]

AN ACT

July 8, 1937
[H. R. 3123]
[Public, No. 190]

To authorize the Secretary of War to lease to Old Fort Niagara Association, Incorporated, portions of the Fort Niagara Military Reservation, New York.

Fort Niagara
Military Reservation,
N. Y.
Portions of, leased
to Old Fort Niagara
Association.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to lease to Old Fort Niagara Association, Incorporated, a nonprofit membership corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of New York, that portion of the Fort Niagara Military Reservation, New York, known as Old Fort Niagara, including all grounds, buildings, and fortifications pertaining thereto which have been restored and rehabilitated by Old Fort Niagara Association, Incorporated, and the United States of America, together with such additional adjacent areas and/or buildings as, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, may be or become necessary for such term or terms and subject to such conditions as, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, shall be advisable: *Provided, however,* That the consideration for any lease executed pursuant to this Act shall be the maintenance by said Old Fort Niagara Association, Incorporated, of said premises in accordance with the terms of such lease, and every such lease shall be revocable at will by the Secretary of War.

Proviso.
Consideration.

Approved, July 8, 1937.

[CHAPTER 443]

AN ACT

July 8, 1937
[H. R. 6436]
[Public, No. 191]

Authorizing cash relief for certain employees of the Panama Canal not coming within the provisions of the Canal Zone Retirement Act.

Panama Canal, em-
ployees.
Superannuation
pay for certain, not
qualifying under Re-
tirement Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Governor of the Panama Canal, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the President of the United States, may pay cash relief to such employees of the Panama Canal not coming within the provisions of the Canal Zone Retirement Act as may become unfit for further useful service by reason of mental or physical disability resulting from age or disease, and also to such former employees of the Panama Canal not coming within the provisions of the Canal Zone Retirement Act as have within three years prior to the date of enactment of this Act been separated from the service because of unfitness for further useful service by reason of such disability: *Provided,* That such cash relief shall not exceed \$1 per month for each year of service of the employee so furnished relief, with a maximum of \$25 per month, nor be granted to any employee having less than ten years' service with the Panama Canal, including any service with the Panama Railroad Company on the Isthmus of Panama.

Proviso.
Limitation on
amount.

Annual appropria-
tion authorized.

SEC. 2. That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated annually such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved, July 8, 1937.

[CHAPTER 444]

AN ACT

To dispense with the necessity for insurance by the Government against loss or damage to valuables in shipment, and for other purposes.

July 8, 1937
[H. R. 6635]
[Public, No. 192]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That as soon as practicable after the approval of this Act the Secretary of the Treasury and the Postmaster General shall, jointly, with the approval of the President, prescribe regulations governing the shipment of valuables by the executive departments, independent establishments, agencies, wholly owned corporations, officers, and employees of the United States, with a view to minimizing risks of loss and destruction of, and damage to, such valuables in shipment. After the effective date of such regulations, which shall be not more than thirty days after their issuance, it shall be the duty of every such executive department, independent establishment, agency, wholly owned corporation, officer, and employee, and of every person acting for him or it, or at his or its direction, to comply with such regulations in making any shipment of valuables.

Government Losses in Shipment Act.
Shipments of valuables by Federal departments, agencies, etc.

SEC. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$500,000 to be used, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, for the replacement of valuables, or the value thereof, lost, destroyed, or damaged in the course of shipment effected pursuant to the regulations prescribed under section 1. There is hereby further authorized to be appropriated annually, beginning with the fiscal year 1939 and ending with the fiscal year 1948, inclusive, the sum of \$200,000 for the said purposes, and from time to time such additional sums as may be necessary for the said purposes. There shall be in the Treasury of the United States a revolving fund, to be known as "the fund for the payment of Government losses in shipment" (hereinafter referred to as "the fund"), to be constituted of the said sum of \$500,000 and the sums hereafter appropriated for the said purposes, together with all recoveries and repayments credited to the fund as hereinafter provided. There is hereby further authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$10,000, for expenditures under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, to be used for the payment of administrative expenses, including personal services, necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act for the fiscal year 1938.

Sum authorized for replacement of losses, etc.
Ante, p. 471.

Annual appropriations authorized.

Revolving fund established.

Amount for administrative expenses.

SEC. 3. In the event of loss or destruction of, or damage to, valuables of which shipment shall have been made pursuant to the regulations prescribed under section 1, a claim in writing for replacement shall be made upon the Secretary of the Treasury who, if he shall be satisfied that such loss, destruction, or damage has occurred and that shipment was made substantially in accordance with such regulations, shall cause replacement to be made out of the fund through such officers as he may designate. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the decision of the Secretary of the Treasury that such loss, destruction, or damage has occurred or that such shipment was made substantially in accordance with such regulations shall be final and conclusive and shall not be subject to review by any other officer of the United States: *Provided, however,* That where the Secretary of the Treasury determines that such replacement can be effected, in whole or in part, without actual or ultimate injury to the United States, by a credit in the accounts of

Procedure for satisfying claims.

Decisions of Secretary of the Treasury.

Provisos.
Fund not to be resorted to if replacement effected by credit in accounts.