

## [CHAPTER 320]

## AN ACT

June 1, 1942  
[S. 2305]  
[Public Law 560]

To relieve disbursing and certifying officers of the United States of responsibility for overpayments made on transportation accounts under certain circumstances.

Overpayments on certain transportation accounts.  
Relief of disbursing, etc., officers.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That hereafter no disbursing or certifying officer of the United States shall be held liable for overpayments made for transportation furnished on Government bills of lading or transportation requests when said overpayments are due to the use of improper transportation rates, classifications, or the failure to deduct the proper amount under land-grant laws or equalization and other agreements.

Approved, June 1, 1942.

## [CHAPTER 321]

## AN ACT

June 3, 1942  
[S. 2503]  
[Public Law 561]

To amend section 32 of the Emergency Farm Mortgage Act of 1933, as amended.

Emergency Farm Mortgage Act of 1933, amendment.  
48 Stat. 347; 54 Stat. 19.  
12 U. S. C. § 1016 (g).  
*Post*, p. 392.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the tenth sentence of section 32 of the Emergency Farm Mortgage Act of 1933, as amended, is amended by striking out "June 1, 1942" wherever it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof "July 1, 1943".

Approved, June 3, 1942.

## [CHAPTER 322]

## AN ACT

June 3, 1942  
[H. R. 6979]  
[Public Law 562]

To authorize an increase of the number of cadets at the United States Military Academy and to provide for maintaining the corps of cadets at authorized strength.

Military Academy. Increase in number of cadets.  
*Post*, p. 1024.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That, on and after July 1, 1942, there shall be allowed at the United States Military Academy four cadets for each Senator, Representative, Delegate in Congress, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, six for the District of Columbia, and two cadets to be selected by the Governor of the Panama Canal from among the sons of civilians residing in the Canal Zone and the sons of civilian personnel of the United States Government and the Panama Railroad Company residing in the Republic of Panama, in addition to the number now authorized to be appointed from the United States at large, and from the enlisted men of the Regular Army and National Guard, and from the sons of deceased officers, soldiers, sailors, and marines.

Maintenance of corps at full strength. Appointments by Secretary of War.

SEC. 2. When on the date of admission of a new class the total number of cadets is below the number authorized, the Secretary of War may bring the corps of cadets to full strength by appointing qualified alternates and candidates recommended by the academic board, two-thirds thereof from qualified alternates and one-third thereof from qualified candidates: *Provided*, That any appointment made under this section shall be an additional appointment and shall not constitute an appointment otherwise authorized by law.

*Proviso.*

Approved, June 3, 1942.

## [CHAPTER 323]

## JOINT RESOLUTION

Declaring that a state of war exists between the Government of Bulgaria and the Government and the people of the United States and making provisions to prosecute the same.

June 5, 1942  
[H. J. Res. 319]  
[Public Law 563]

Whereas the Government of Bulgaria has formally declared war against the Government and the people of the United States of America: Therefore be it

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the state of war between the United States and the Government of Bulgaria which has thus been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and the President is hereby authorized and directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United States and the resources of the Government to carry on war against the Government of Bulgaria; and, to bring the conflict to a successful termination, all of the resources of the country are hereby pledged by the Congress of the United States.

Declaration of state  
of war with Bulgaria.

Approved, June 5, 1942.

## [CHAPTER 324]

## JOINT RESOLUTION

Declaring that a state of war exists between the Government of Hungary and the Government and the people of the United States and making provisions to prosecute the same.

June 5, 1942  
[H. J. Res. 320]  
[Public Law 564]

Whereas the Government of Hungary has formally declared war against the Government and the people of the United States of America: Therefore be it

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the state of war between the United States and the Government of Hungary which has thus been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and the President is hereby authorized and directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United States and the resources of the Government to carry on war against the Government of Hungary; and, to bring the conflict to a successful termination, all of the resources of the country are hereby pledged by the Congress of the United States.

Declaration of state  
of war with Hungary.

Approved, June 5, 1942.

## [CHAPTER 325]

## JOINT RESOLUTION

Declaring that a state of war exists between the Government of Rumania and the Government and the people of the United States and making provisions to prosecute the same.

June 5, 1942  
[H. J. Res. 321]  
[Public Law 565]

Whereas the Government of Rumania has formally declared war against the Government and the people of the United States of America: Therefore be it

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the state of war between the United States and the Government of Rumania which has thus been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and the President is hereby authorized and directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United States and the resources of the Government to carry on war against the Government of Rumania; and, to bring the conflict to a successful termination, all of the resources of the country are hereby pledged by the Congress of the United States.

Declaration of state  
of war with Rumania.

Approved, June 5, 1942.