

Deficiency appro-  
priation.

nection with the purchase of materials, equipment, and supplies necessary in the maintenance and operation of the Postal Service.

SEC. 203. Deficiency in postal revenues: If the revenues of the Post Office Department shall be insufficient to meet the appropriations made under title II of this Act, a sum equal to such deficiency in the revenues of such Department is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply such deficiency in the revenues of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1944, and the sum needed may be advanced to the Post Office Department upon requisition of the Postmaster General.

Study of use of mails  
by Government agen-  
cies.  
*Post*, p. 538.

SEC. 204. The Joint Committee on Investigation of Nonessential Federal Expenditures is hereby directed to make a study of the problem of penalty mail in all of the departments and branches of the Government, with a view to eliminating unnecessary volume and reducing costs, and shall report its findings and recommendations by bill or otherwise to Congress not later than the first day of the next regular session of the Seventy-eighth Congress. The departments and agencies of Government shall furnish such information and detail such personnel as may be requested by the committee to assist in its investigation.

Report to Congress.

Citation of title.

SEC. 205. This title may be cited as the "Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1944".

### TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Senate disapproval  
of nomination, effect.

SEC. 301. No part of the money appropriated under this Act shall be paid to any person for the filling of any position for which he or she has been nominated after the Senate upon vote has failed to confirm the nomination of such person.

Persons advocating  
overthrow of U. S.  
Government.

SEC. 302. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: *Provided*, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: *Provided further*, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment, the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: *Provided further*, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Affidavit.

Penalty.

Short title.

SEC. 303. This Act may be cited as the "Treasury and Post Office Departments Appropriation Act, 1944".

Approved June 30, 1943.

#### [CHAPTER 180]

#### AN ACT

June 30, 1943  
[H. R. 2520]  
[Public Law 103]

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to facilitate the construction, extension, or completion of interstate petroleum pipe lines related to national defense, and to promote interstate commerce", approved July 30, 1941.

Interstate petro-  
leum pipe lines.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That section 8 (b) of the Act entitled "An Act to facilitate the construction, extension,

or completion of interstate petroleum pipe lines related to national defense, and to promote interstate commerce”, approved July 30, 1941, is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof a comma and the following: “but relief so granted by the President shall not in any case be for a period extending beyond five years after June 30, 1945”.

55 Stat. 611,  
15 U. S. C., Supp. II,  
note prec. § 715.

SEC. 2. Section 9 of such Act is amended by striking out the date “June 30, 1943” and inserting in lieu thereof the date “June 30, 1945”.

Continuance of  
authority.

Approved June 30, 1943.

[CHAPTER 181]

AN ACT

June 30, 1943  
[S. 217]

[Public Law 104]

To amend the Act entitled “An Act to authorize the President of the United States to requisition property required for the defense of the United States”, approved October 16, 1941, to continue it in effect.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the first sentence of the first section of the Act entitled “An Act to authorize the President of the United States to requisition property required for the defense of the United States”, approved October 16, 1941 (55 Stat. 742), is amended by striking out the date “June 30, 1943”, and inserting in lieu thereof the date “June 30, 1944”, so that it will read as follows: “That whenever the President, during the national emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, but not later than June 30, 1944, determines that (1) the use of any military or naval equipment, supplies, or munitions, or component parts thereof, or machinery, tools, or materials necessary for the manufacture, servicing, or operation of such equipment, supplies, or munitions is needed for the defense of the United States; (2) such need is immediate and impending and such as will not admit of delay or resort to any other source of supply; and (3) all other means of obtaining the use of such property for the defense of the United States upon fair and reasonable terms have been exhausted, he is authorized to requisition such property for the defense of the United States upon the payment of fair and just compensation for such property to be determined as hereinafter provided, and to dispose of such property in such manner as he may determine is necessary for the defense of the United States.”

Requisitioning of  
property for national  
defense.  
Time extensions.

50 U. S. C., Supp. II,  
app. § 721.

55 Stat. 1647,  
50 U. S. C., Supp. II,  
app., note prec. § 1.

SEC. 2. Section 2 of the Act of October 16, 1941 (55 Stat. 742), is amended by striking out the date “December 31, 1943” and inserting in lieu thereof the date “December 31, 1944”, so that it will read as follows:

50 U. S. C., Supp. II,  
app. § 722.

“SEC. 2. Whenever the President determines that property acquired under this Act and retained is no longer needed for the defense of the United States, he shall, if the original owner desires the property and pays the fair value thereof, return such property to the owner; but, in any event, property so acquired and retained shall, if the owner desires the property and pays the fair value thereof, be returned to the owner not later than December 31, 1944.”

Return of property  
to owner.

Approved June 30, 1943.

[CHAPTER 182]

AN ACT

July 1, 1943  
[H. R. 2387]

[Public Law 105]

Making appropriations for the Departments of State, Justice, and Commerce, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1944, and for other purposes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not other-

Departments of  
State, Justice, and  
Commerce Appropri-  
ation Act, 1944.