

## [CHAPTER 333]

## AN ACT

To extend the Civilian Pilot Training Act of 1939.

June 30, 1944  
[S. 1432]  
[Public Law 391]

53 Stat. 856.  
49 U. S. C. § 757.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That section 7 of the Civilian Pilot Training Act of 1939, as amended, is amended by striking out the date "July 1, 1944" in the second sentence of such section and inserting in lieu thereof the date "July 1, 1946".

Approved June 30, 1944.

## [CHAPTER 334]

## AN ACT

To amend the National Housing Act, as amended.

June 30, 1944  
[S. 1947]  
[Public Law 392]

National Housing  
Act, amendment.  
55 Stat. 56; 57 Stat.  
571.  
12 U. S. C., Supp.  
III, § 1738 (a).

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That section 603 (a) of the National Housing Act, as amended, is hereby amended by (1) striking out "\$1,600,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$1,700,000,000"; and (2) inserting in the third proviso after the word "except" the figure "(1)" and striking the period at the end of the third proviso and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon and the following: "or (2) a mortgage that is given to refinance an existing mortgage insured under this title and which does not exceed the original principal amount and unexpired term of such existing mortgage."

Approved June 30, 1944.

## [CHAPTER 335]

## AN ACT

To provide additional pay for enlisted men of the Army assigned to the Infantry who are awarded the expert infantryman badge or the combat infantryman badge.

June 30, 1944  
[S. 1973]  
[Public Law 393]

Combat ground  
forces of the Army.  
Additional pay.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That during the present war and for six months thereafter, any enlisted man of the combat ground forces of the Army who is entitled, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of War, to wear the expert infantryman badge or the combat infantryman badge, shall be paid additional compensation at the rate of \$5 per month when he is entitled to wear the expert infantryman badge and at the rate of \$10 per month when he is entitled to wear the combat infantryman badge: *Provided,* That additional compensation for both awards may not be paid at the same time.

Funds available.

SEC. 2. The appropriations heretofore or hereafter made for "Finance Service, Army", shall be available for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.

Effective date.

SEC. 3. The provisions of this Act shall become effective as of January 1, 1944.

Approved June 30, 1944.

## [CHAPTER 357]

## AN ACT

To provide night differential for certain employees.

July 1, 1944  
[H. R. 3891]  
[Public Law 394]

Bureau of Engrav-  
ing and Printing.  
Night differential  
for certain employees.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That all employees of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing who hold positions in the

clerical-mechanical service, and who are assigned to perform their work at night, shall be paid in respect of their regular work week of forty hours and except when in leave status, a rate of compensation which is 15 per centum in excess of the day rate for the same work: *Provided*, That night work shall be construed to mean all work on any established shift or tour of duty, half or more of which occurs after 6 o'clock postmeridian or before 6 o'clock antemeridian.

Approved July 1, 1944.

[CHAPTER 358]

AN ACT

To provide for the settlement of claims arising from terminated war contracts, and for other purposes.

July 1, 1944  
[S. 1718]  
[Public Law 395]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

OBJECTIVES OF THE ACT

Contract Settlement  
Act of 1944.

SECTION 1. The Congress hereby declares that the objectives of this Act are—

- (a) to facilitate maximum war production during the war, and to expedite reconversion from war production to civilian production as war conditions permit;
- (b) to assure to prime contractors and subcontractors, small and large, speedy and equitable final settlement of claims under terminated war contracts, and adequate interim financing until such final settlement;
- (c) to assure uniformity among Government agencies in basic policies and administration with respect to such termination settlements and interim financing;
- (d) to facilitate the efficient use of materials, manpower, and facilities for war and civilian purposes by providing prime contractors and subcontractors with notice of termination of their war contracts as far in advance of the cessation of work thereunder as is feasible and consistent with the national security;
- (e) to assure the expeditious removal from the plants of prime contractors and subcontractors of termination inventory not to be retained or sold by the contractor;
- (f) to use all practicable methods compatible with the foregoing objectives to prevent improper payments and to detect and prosecute fraud.

SERVEILLANCE BY CONGRESS

SEC. 2. (a) To assist the Congress in appraising the administration of this Act and in developing such amendments or related legislation as may further be necessary to accomplish the objectives of the Act, the appropriate committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives shall study each report submitted to the Congress under this Act and shall otherwise maintain continuous surveillance of the operations of the Government agencies under the Act.

(b) In January, April, July, and October of each year, the Director shall submit to the Senate and House of Representatives a quarterly progress report on the exercise of his duties and authority under this Act, the status of contract terminations, termination settlements, and interim financing and such other pertinent information on the administration of the Act as will enable the Congress to evaluate its administration and the need for amendments and related legislation.

Quarterly progress  
reports to Congress.