

honorably discharged from, the armed forces of the United States during World War II; and

(d) the administrative authorities find that the parties to the proposed marriage are able and intend to contract a valid marriage within the period for which the alien is admitted.

Deportation of alien.

57 Stat. 553.
8 U. S. C., Supp. V,
§§ 155, 156.
Authority of Secretary of State.

SEC. 2. In the event the marriage does not occur within the period for which the alien was admitted, the alien shall be required to depart from the United States and upon failure to do so shall be deported at any time after entry in accordance with the provisions of sections 19 and 20 of the Immigration Act of February 5, 1917, as amended (39 Stat. 889-890; 54 Stat. 671-673; 56 Stat. 1044; 8 U. S. C. 155; 39 Stat. 890-891; 57 Stat. 511; 8 U. S. C. 156).

SEC. 3. The Secretary of State shall have authority to prescribe regulations for the administration of the provisions of this Act which relate to the performance of functions by diplomatic or consular officers of the United States and he shall include in such regulations a requirement that the parties to a proposed marriage shall furnish satisfactory evidence to the American consular officer concerned, including sworn statements corroborated by other appropriate evidence showing that the parties have entered into a valid agreement to marry and are legally able and actually willing to conclude a valid marriage in the United States within a period of three months after the alien's arrival, or within such period as may be extended by the Attorney General.

Authority of Attorney General.

SEC. 4. The Attorney General shall have authority to prescribe regulations for the administration by the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the provisions of this Act in connection with the arrival of the aliens concerned at ports of entry in the United States, and he shall include in such regulations a requirement that the prospective American citizen spouse of an alien covered by the provisions of this Act shall furnish to the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization a suitable bond, which shall be in an amount sufficient to cover the cost of the deportation of the alien concerned, and which shall be forfeited to the United States if and when the alien becomes deportable, or shall be cancelled by the Commissioner upon receipt of satisfactory evidence that a valid marriage has been concluded, or that the alien has left the United States without expense to the said United States.

Period of World War II.

SEC. 5. For the purposes of this Act the period of World War II shall be considered as having started on September 1, 1939, and to have ended upon the formal conclusion thereof by a treaty of peace, or by the passage of a joint resolution of Congress, or by a proclamation by the President declaring an end to hostilities.

Approved June 29, 1946.

[CHAPTER 521]

AN ACT

June 29, 1946
[S. 2219]
[Public Law 472]

To extend for the period of one year the provisions of the District of Columbia Emergency Rent Act, approved December 2, 1941, as amended.

55 Stat. 788.
D. C. Code, Supp.
V, § 45-1601 (b).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to regulate rents in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved December 2, 1941, as amended, is further amended by striking out in section 1 (b) thereof the figure "1946" and inserting in lieu thereof "1947".

Approved June 29, 1946.

[CHAPTER 522]

AN ACT

To extend the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, and for other purposes.

June 29, 1946
[H. R. 6064]
[Public Law 473]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all of the provisions of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, are hereby expressly reenacted, except those provisions which are hereinafter amended or repealed.

SEC. 2. (a) So much of the first sentence of section 3 (a) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, as precedes the first proviso is hereby amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 3. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, every male citizen of the United States, and every other male person residing in the United States, who is between the ages of nineteen and forty-five, at the time fixed for his registration, or who attains the age of nineteen after having been required to register pursuant to section 2 of this Act, shall be liable for training and service in the land or naval forces of the United States.”

(b) The fourth proviso of the second sentence of section 3 (a) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, is amended to read as follows: “*Provided further,* That on July 1, 1946, the number of men in active training or service in the Army shall not exceed one million five hundred and fifty thousand, and that this number shall be reduced consistently month by month so that the Army’s strength shall not exceed one million and seventy thousand on July 1, 1947: *And provided further,* That on July 1, 1947, the number of men in active training or service in the Navy shall not exceed five hundred and fifty-eight thousand and in the Marine Corps one hundred and eight thousand: *And provided further,* That the monthly requisitions on the President under this Act by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy shall not exceed the number of men required after consideration of the actual number of voluntary enlistments during the three months preceding that month in which the requisition is made. For the purposes of the fourth and fifth provisos of the preceding sentence, no man shall be deemed to be in active training or service or to be part of the strength of the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps, if—

“(1) he is on terminal leave;

“(2) he is a member of the detachment of patients who are to be discharged or relieved from active duty without being returned to an active duty status; or

“(3) he is being processed, following completion of his period of service, for discharge or relief from active duty.”

SEC. 3. Section 3 (b) of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“(b) Each man inducted on and after October 1, 1946, under the provisions of subsection (a) shall serve for a period of training and service of eighteen consecutive months (excluding time served while pursuing a course of instruction in a university, college, or other similar institution of learning), unless sooner discharged. Each man inducted prior to October 1, 1946, under the provisions of subsection (a) who shall have completed a period of training and service under this Act of eighteen months or more (excluding time served while pursuing a course of instruction in a university, college, or other similar institution of learning) shall, upon his request, on and after such date, be relieved from his period of training and service

54 Stat. 885.
50 U. S. C. app.
§§ 301-318; Supp. V,
§ 302 *et seq.*
Ante, p. 181.
54 Stat. 885.
50 U. S. C., Supp.
V, app. § 303 (a).
Ante, p. 181.

Persons liable for
training and service.

54 Stat. 885.
50 U. S. C., Supp. V,
app. § 302.

Reduction of
Army’s strength.

Maximum number
of men in Navy and
Marine Corps.

Monthly requisitions.

54 Stat. 886.
50 U. S. C. app.
§ 303(b).
Period of training
and service.

Supra.