

7 cents per mile, except that if daily travel appears impracticable, subsistence of \$5 per day shall be allowed. Whenever in any case the jury is ordered to be kept together and not to separate, the cost of subsistence during such period shall be paid by the United States marshal upon the order of the court in lieu of the foregoing subsistence allowance.

“Jury fees and travel and subsistence allowances provided by this section shall be paid by the United States marshal on the certificate of the clerk of the court, and in the case of jury fees in excess of \$7 per diem, when allowed as hereinabove provided, on the certificate of the trial judge.”

Approved July 14, 1949.

[CHAPTER 335]

AN ACT

For the relief of Nevada County, California.

July 14, 1949  
[H. R. 52]  
[Public Law 169]

Nevada County,  
Calif.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Nevada County, California, the sum of \$10,341. The payment of such sum shall be in full settlement of all claims against the United States on account of damage to roads in such county by reason of heavy military traffic upon such roads during the period when the Thirteenth Armored Division was stationed at Camp Beale, California: *Provided,* That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000.

Approved July 14, 1949.

[CHAPTER 336]

AN ACT

To provide for further contributions to the International Children's Emergency Fund.

July 14, 1949  
[H. R. 2785]  
[Public Law 170]

International Children's  
Emergency  
Fund.

62 Stat. 157,  
22 U. S. C., Supp.  
II, §§ 1531-1535.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That, in order to enable the President through June 30, 1950, to carry out the purpose of the International Children's Emergency Fund Assistance Act of 1948 (title II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1948) the date "1949", wherever it appears in such Act, is hereby amended to read "1950", and in section 206 of such Act the word "through" is hereby substituted for the words "for the fiscal year ending": *Provided however,* That in authorizing such continued extension of United States participation in the International Emergency Children's Fund, it is the expressed intention of the Congress that such participation by the United States shall cease on June 30, 1950.

SEC. 2. Funds appropriated by the second paragraph of title I of the Foreign Aid Appropriation Act, 1949, shall remain available through June 30, 1950.

62 Stat. 1056.

Approved July 14, 1949.

## [CHAPTER 338]

## AN ACT

To establish a national housing objective and the policy to be followed in the attainment thereof, to provide Federal aid to assist slum-clearance projects and low-rent public housing projects initiated by local agencies, to provide for financial assistance by the Secretary of Agriculture for farm housing, and for other purposes.

July 15, 1949  
[S. 1070]  
[Public Law 171]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Housing Act of 1949".*

Housing Act of 1949.

## DECLARATION OF NATIONAL HOUSING POLICY

SEC. 2. The Congress hereby declares that the general welfare and security of the Nation and the health and living standards of its people require housing production and related community development sufficient to remedy the serious housing shortage, the elimination of substandard and other inadequate housing through the clearance of slums and blighted areas, and the realization as soon as feasible of the goal of a decent home and a suitable living environment for every American family, thus contributing to the development and redevelopment of communities and to the advancement of the growth, wealth, and security of the Nation. The Congress further declares that such production is necessary to enable the housing industry to make its full contribution toward an economy of maximum employment, production, and purchasing power. The policy to be followed in attaining the national housing objective hereby established shall be: (1) private enterprise shall be encouraged to serve as large a part of the total need as it can; (2) governmental assistance shall be utilized where feasible to enable private enterprise to serve more of the total need; (3) appropriate local public bodies shall be encouraged and assisted to undertake positive programs of encouraging and assisting the development of well-planned, integrated residential neighborhoods, the development and redevelopment of communities, and the production, at lower costs, of housing of sound standards of design, construction, livability, and size for adequate family life; (4) governmental assistance to eliminate substandard and other inadequate housing through the clearance of slums and blighted areas, to facilitate community development and redevelopment, and to provide adequate housing for urban and rural nonfarm families with incomes so low that they are not being decently housed in new or existing housing shall be extended to those localities which estimate their own needs and demonstrate that these needs are not being met through reliance solely upon private enterprise, and without such aid; and (5) governmental assistance for decent, safe, and sanitary farm dwellings and related facilities shall be extended where the farm owner demonstrates that he lacks sufficient resources to provide such housing on his own account and is unable to secure necessary credit for such housing from other sources on terms and conditions which he could reasonably be expected to fulfill. The Housing and Home Finance Agency and its constituent agencies, and any other departments or agencies of the Federal Government having powers, functions, or duties with respect to housing, shall exercise their powers, functions, and duties under this or any other law, consistently with the national housing policy declared by this Act and in such manner as will facilitate sustained progress in attaining the national housing objective