of the Wyandot, Seneca, Shawnee, and Ottawa, tribes of Indians, have hereunto set their hands, at St. Mary's, in the state of Ohio, this seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

LEWIS CASS,
DUNCAN McARThUR.

Wyandots.
Doouquod, or Half King,
Routonde, or Ware Pole,
Tanyaukontoyou, or Between the Logs,
Dawatout, or John Hicks,
Howronu, or Cherokee Boy,
Teoudetoasso, or George Punch,
Hawdowuwaung, or Matthews,
Skoutoush,
Quouqua.

Senecas.
Methomea, or Civil John,
Shekohiggob, or Big Turtle,
Wagghonoxie, or White Bone,
Tochequias, or Yellow Bone,
Captain Togone,
Cunneskokant, or Harris,
Tousonecta, or His Blanket Down,
Wiping Stick.

Shawnee.
Cuttewakas, or Black Hoof,


Sworn Interpreters.

To the Indian names are subjoved a mark and seal.

ARTICLES OF A TREATY

Sept. 20, 1818.
Proclamation, Jan. 7, 1819.

Made and concluded, at St. Mary's, in the state of Ohio, between Lewis Cass, Commissioner of the United States, thereto specially authorized by the President of the United States, and the chiefs and warriors of the Wyandot tribe of Indians.

ART. 1. The Wyandot tribe of Indians hereby cede to the United States all the right reserved to them in two tracts of land, in the territory of Michigan, one including the village called Brownstown, and the other the village called Maguagua, formerly in the possession of the Wyandot tribe of Indians, containing in the whole not more than five thousand acres of land; which two tracts of land were reserved for the use of the said Wyandot tribe of Indians, and their descendants, for the term of fifty years, agreeably to the provisions of the act of Congress,
TREATY WITH THE PEROIAS, ETC. 1818.

passed February 28, 1809, and entitled "An act for the relief of certain Alabama and Wyandot Indians."

Art. 2. In consideration of the preceding cession, the United States will reserve, for the use of the said Wyandot Indians, sections numbered twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, twenty-seven, and that part of section numbered twenty-two, which contains eight acres, and lies on the south side of the river Huron, being in the fourth township, south of the base line, and in the ninth range east of the first meridian, in the territory of Michigan, and containing four thousand nine hundred and ninety-six acres; and the said tract of land shall be reserved for the use of the said Wyandot Indians, and their descendants, and be secured to them in the same manner, and on the same terms and conditions, as is provided in relation to the Alabama Indians, by the first section of the before-mentioned act of Congress, except that the said Wyandot Indians, and their descendants, shall hold the said land so long as they or their descendants shall occupy the same.

In testimony whereof the said Lewis Cass, commissioner as aforesaid, and the chiefs and warriors of the said Wyandot tribe of Indians, have hereunto set their hands, at St. Mary’s, in the state of Ohio, this twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

LEWIS CASS.

Ronesass, or Honas, Scoutash,
Hausnlaugh, or Boyer, Dunquod, or Half King,
Ronaass, or Racer, Aromue, or Cherokee Boy,
Ronionness, or Joseph, Tarunute, or Between the Logs.


To the Indian names is subjoined a mark.

A TREATY

Made and concluded by, and between, Ninian Edwards and Auguste Chouteau, Commissioners on the part and behalf of the United States of America, of the one part, and the undersigned principal chiefs and warriors of the Peoria, Kaskaskia, Mitchigamia, Cahokia, and Tamarois, tribes of the Illinois nation of Indians, on the part and behalf of the said tribes, of the other part.

Whereas, by the treaty made at Vincennes, on the thirteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and three, between the United States, of the one part, and the head chiefs and warriors of the tribe of Indians commonly called the Kaskaskia tribe, but which was composed of, and rightfully represented, the Kaskaskia, Mitchigamia, Cahokia, and Tamarois, tribes of the Illinois nation of Indians, of the other part, a certain tract of land was ceded to the United States, which was supposed to include all the land claimed by those respective tribes, but which did not include, and was not intended to include, the land which was rightfully claimed by the Peoria Indians,