ARTICLES OF A TREATY

Between the United States and the Miami tribe of Indians, concluded at the Forks of the Wabash, in the State of Indiana on the 23d day of October 1834—by and between William Marshall Commissioner of the United States and the Chiefs and Warriors of said tribe. (a)

Cession of land to U.S.

Article 1st. The Miami tribe of Indians agree to cede to the United States—the following described tracts of land, within the State of Indiana—being a part of reservations made to said tribe from former cessions—now conveyed for and in consideration of the payments stipulated to be made to them in the 2d article of this treaty [of] cession:

One tract of land, thirty-six sections at Flat Belly’s village a reserve made by the treaty of Wabash of 1826.

Also one tract of land about twenty-three thousand acres, more or less, a reserve made at Wabash treaty in 1826 of five miles in length on the Wabash river extending back to Eel river.

Also one other tract of ten sections at Racoon village and a tract of ten sections at Mud creek on Eel river at the old village reserves made at Wabash treaty of 1826.

Also one reserve of two miles square on the Salamany river at the mouth of At-che-pong-quawe creek, made at the treaty of St. Mary’s of 1818.

Also one other tract, being a portion of the ten mile square reserve, made at the treaty of St. Mary’s of 1818, opposite the mouth of the river Aboutte, commencing at the northeast corner of said reserve, thence south with the eastern boundary of the same ten miles, to the southeast corner of the reserve—thence west with the southern boundary one mile—thence north nine miles thence west nine miles, thence north one mile to the northwest corner of said reserve, thence to the place of beginning.

The Miamies also agree to cede a portion of their big reserve made at the treaty of St. Mary’s of 1818—situated southeast of the Wabash—extending along the Wabash river from the mouth of Salamany river—to the mouth of Eel river—The part now ceded shall be embraced—within the following bounds, to wit; commencing on the Wabash river at the mouth of Eel river, running up said Wabash river—eight miles—thence south two miles—thence westwardly one mile—thence south to the southern boundary of said reserve—thence along said boundary line seven miles—to the southwest corner—thence northerly with the western boundary line to the place of beginning.

Article 2d. For and in consideration of the cession made in the first article of this treaty—the United States agree to pay to the Miami tribe of Indians, the sum of two hundred and eight thousand dollars, of this sum fifty-eight thousand dollars, to be paid in goods, as soon as the commissioner on the part of the United States can procure the same, and he binds himself to deliver them in one moon from this date, fifty thousand dollars at the urgent request of the Indians, to be placed in the hands of the present Indian agent at Logansport to be by him, applied, to the payment of the debts of the tribe agreeable to a schedule

(a) It has been deemed proper to insert parts of the proclamations in relation to this treaty and the amendments thereto.

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to be by them furnished said agent, stating as far as practicable for what contracted and to whom due—the said agent shall as soon as practicable—after the said money comes into his hands, pay it over, in a just proportion agreeable to their respective claims, to the creditors of said tribe as specified in said schedule furnished him, and should any balance remain in his hands after paying the debts as specified in the schedule, the same shall be paid over to the tribe for their use and benefit.

ARTICLE 3d. From the cession made in the first article of this treaty, there shall be granted to each of the persons named in the schedule hereunto annexed and to their heirs and assigns by patent from the President of the United States.

ARTICLE 4th. It is agreed between the parties to this treaty that a patent in fee simple—shall be issued by the President of the United States, to John B. Richardson principal chief of the Miami nation for a reserve of ten sections at the Forks of the Wabash, made to said tribe by treaty of 23d October 1826, he having an Indian title to the same.

ARTICLE 5th. The United States agree to furnish a skillful miller to superintend a mill for the Miami tribe in lieu of the gunsmith, promised by the fifth article of the treaty of St. Mary's of 1818.

ARTICLE 6th. The United States agree to have the buildings and improvements on the lands ceded by the first article of this treaty valued, to cause a similar amount in value laid out in buildings, clearing and fencing ground for the use of the Indians, on such place or places as their chiefs—may select.

ARTICLE 7th. The United States agree to purchase from Met-chinequa two sections of land granted to him by treaty of Wabash of 1826 at the old town on Eel river for which he shall be paid sixteen hundred dollars—on his making to the United States a good and sufficient deed for the same.

ARTICLE 8th. The United States agree that the Indians—have peaceable possession of their houses and improvements on the lands ceded in the first article of this treaty—until the improvements are made in pursuance of the sixth article.

ARTICLE 9th. The United States agree to pay one thousand dollars—out of the two thousand granted by the sixth article of the treaty of Wabash of 1826 to the principal chief of the nation to be by him expended—in support of the poor and infirm persons of the tribe under the direction of the President of the United States.

ARTICLE 10th. The United States agree to furnish implements of agriculture in pursuance of the fifth article of the treaty of St. Mary's of 1818—when applied for—the same never being furnished.

ARTICLE 11th. The United States agree to pay the Miami Indians for such horses and goods as were actually stolen from them by citizens of the United States.

ARTICLE 12th. The United States agree to pay the Miami Indians three hundred sixty dollars yearly—in lieu of the eight labourers to be furnished yearly—by the treaty of Wabash of 1826.

ARTICLE 13th. It is agreed that the President of the United States—uses his influence, to procure, from the State of Indiana—a relinquishment—of the six chains, granted for the use of a canal; at the treaty, of Wabash, of 1826, so far as the same passes through the ten sections at the Forks of the Wabash; except so much as is necessary for the actual occupancy of the canal and road.
TREATY WITH THE MIAMIIES. 1834.

Article 14th. The United States agree to cause patent in fee simple to issue to the following named persons for the several tracts of land attached to their names granted to them by former treaties to wit;

To Little Charley for five sections of land—above the old village on the north side of Eel river—granted to him by treaty of Wabash of 1826.

To Laventure’s daughter for one section of land on the Maumee river granted to her by treaty of Wabash of 1826.

To To-pee-ah son of Francis Lafontain for one section granted him by treaty of St. Mary’s of 1818.

To Francis Godfroy for four sections of land on the Salamany river—granted to him by treaty of St. Mary’s of 1818—being the resdue he now holds of said grant.

Article 15th. It is agreed by the Miami tribe that payment for the goods to be furnished in pursuance of the second article of this treaty shall be paid from their annuities, if this treaty is rejected by the President and Senate of the United States.

Article 16th. There shall be granted to Hugh Hannah one quarter section of land, in lieu of one selected and not approved, on the grant made to Gurie by treaty of Wabash of 1826—the same to be selected under the direction of the President of the United States.

Schedule of grants, referred to in the 3d article.

To Francis Godfroy one section of land, at the lower line of the five mile reserve on the Wabash river, to be located adjoining the town of Peru, and one half section, to be located on said Wabash river, on the said five mile reserve opposite his trading house, also one other half section of land, to be located on that part the big reserve on the southwest side the Wabash, ceded by the first article of this treaty above and adjoining the two sections granted to John B. Richardville.

To To-pe-ah, one section of land, commencing one mile from the northeast corner of the ten mile reserve opposite the mouth, the river Aboit granted by treaty of St. Mary’s of 1818—thence south one mile—thence west one mile, thence north one mile thence east to the place of beginning.

To Wa-pa-se-pah, son of Lafontain one section of land, west and adjoining the one granted to To-pe-ah.

To Ne-ah-long-quaw—two sections of land west and adjoining the one to Wa-pa-se-pah.

To A-saw-sonn-ma-quah or Susan—one section of land west and adjoining the two granted Ne-ah-long-quah.

To Poqua son of Francis Godfroy one half section of land west and adjoining the one to Susan.

To Francis Godfroy one half section west and adjoining the one to Poqua.

To Paul Longlois one section of land on the Wabash river to include his field.

To Chapiene one section of land to include the Racoon’s village, commencing two poles west of the graveyard, northwest of the village thence on an easterly direction to river Aboit, thence with said river until it strikes the reserve line, thence with said line for quantity to include within the bounds one section, also one other section of land west and adjoining the half section granted to Francis Godfroy on the ten mile reserve.
To John B. Richardville principal chief of the Miami nation one section of land on the five mile reserve opposite the mouth of the Mississineway river to include the improvement made by Joseph Richardville deceased, also one quarter section of land on the Wabash river at the upper line of the said five mile reserve, also two sections of land on the big reserve commencing on the Wabash river opposite the mouth of Eel river running up said river two miles, thence back for quantity so as to include within the bounds two sections of land.

To Wa-pa-pe-she one section of land to be located on the Wabash river, at upper line of that part the big reserve ceded by the first article of this treaty.

To O-san-dear one section of land to be located on said Wabash river below and adjoining the one granted to Wa-pa-pe-she.

To Mac-keh-teh-maung-guah or Black Loon one section of land to be located adjoining and south of the one granted to O-san-dear.

To Chin-qua-que-ah or Duck one section back and adjoining the one granted to Wa-pa-se-pah.

To Peter Longlois one section of land to be located at a point on Wildcat river—where the old trace from Mississineway to Thorntown crosses the same.

To the two sons of Dupee one half section of land, to be located on the reserve at Racoon's village under the direction of the President of the United States.

To Peter Gouin one half section of land to be located back of the section granted to Black Loon.

To Waw-pee-maung-guah one section of land on the ten mile reserve adjoining the one granted to Chappene.

To Ca-ta-ke-mon-qua daughter of Angelique one section of land to be located on the ten mile reserve west and adjoining the one granted to Waw-pee-maung-guah.

To Rebecca Hackly one quarter section to be selected under the direction of the President of the United States.

This treaty to be binding, when ratified by the President, and Senate of the United States.

In testimony whereof the said William Marshall, the commissioner aforesaid, and the chiefs warriors and headmen of the Miami tribe, have hereunto subscribed their names, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty-four.

WILLIAM MARSHALL.

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Ma-quagh-con-nong,             Kee-la-come-wa-quah,
Ma-ma-see-cha,                  Yah-ka-cone-na,
Poqua,                          Co-come-wah,
Wa-pa-co-cha,                   Po-co-ga,
Sha-pon-to-saw,                 Che-ke-no-quah,
Ne-pa-wa,                       Kee-sha-con-saw,
Sha-pon-to-saw,                 Wa-pa-co-se-ah,
To-san-yah,                     Ta-co-qua,
No-wa-co-paugh,                 Ta-co-qua,
Shoo-ein-chee,                  Cot-tee-mon-gua,
Min-see-quah,                   Long-quah,
Mi-a-que-ah,                    Wa-pa-pe-taugh,
Fa-fa,                          Go-ta-co-paugh,
Pa-pin-gee-sh,                  To-san-ne-ah,
Kee-mo-te-ah,                   Captain Flour,
Wa-wa-saw-ma,                   Go-ta-ca-puah,
Mun-gone-saw,                   John B. Richardville,
O-wan-so-pa-ah,                 Principal chief.

Jesse Vermilya.  Peter Langley, Interpreter.

To the Indian names are subjoined marks.

And whereas, ANDREW JACKSON, then President of the United States of America, not approving of said treaty, the principal Chiefs of said tribe of Indians assented to certain modifications thereof, as appears by the following agreement between said Chiefs and Jonathan Keller, Commissioner of the United States, viz:

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT,

July 31, 1837.

Made and entered into, at the Forks of the Wabash, on the 31st day of July, 1837, between Jonathan Keller commissioner of the United States, and the principal chiefs of the Miami tribe of Indians, witnesseth:

That it is agreed between the contracting parties, that certain articles of a treaty entered into between William Marshall commissioner of the United States and the Miami Indians on the 23d day of October 1834, (not being in conformity to the views of the President of the United States) and being submitted to us the head chiefs by direction of the President for modification, the undersigned hereby consents and agrees to the following modifications, to wit: From the second section strike out all that relates to the payment of goods to the Miamies, as a part consideration for the lands ceded, and insert money in lieu thereof—and all that relates to placing money in the hands of a white man to pay the debts of the Indians, to alter the 7th section, and to add the 8th section to the 6th, and strike from the treaty the 9th, 10th, 12th, 13th, and 15th sections.

The undersigned chiefs consenting to and confirming the entire cession made by the treaty above mentioned.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our names the date above mentioned.

JONATHAN KELLER.

John B. Richardville,  Mag-i-ne-ca.
Francis Godfrey,

WITNESSES present, Allen Hamilton.  A. C. Pepper, Indian Agent.

To the Indian names are subjoined marks.
TREATY WITH THE MIAMIES. 1834.

And whereas the said treaty with explanatory documents from the Department of War, having been submitted to the Senate for its advice in regard to the ratification of the original treaty, with the amendments proposed by the Secretary of War, the treaty, with the amendments, in the event of its ratification by the United States, to be again submitted to the Chiefs and Warriors of the Miami tribes for their sanction or rejection, the Senate did on the twelfth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, resolve as follows, viz:

IN SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES,

October 12th, 1837.

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring,) That the Senate do advise and consent to the ratification of the treaty between the United States of America and the Miami tribe of Indians, concluded at the Forks of the Wabash, in the State of Indiana, on the twenty-third day of October, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four; with the following amendment; Provided, that the Chiefs and Warriors of the said tribe, shall in General Council, as on the occasion of concluding the aforesaid treaty, agree to and sign the same:

Attest,

ASBURY DICKINS,
Secretary.

AMENDMENT.

Strike out the whole of said treaty after the title and insert the following in lieu thereof:

ARTICLES OF A TREATY

Between the United States and the Miami tribe of Indians, concluded at the Forks of the Wabash, in the State of Indiana, on the 23d day of October, 1834, by and between William Marshall, commissioner of the United States, and the chiefs and warriors of said tribe.

ARTICLE 1. The Miami tribe of Indians agree to cede to the United States the following described tracts of land within the State of Indiana, being a part of reservations made to said tribe from former cessions, now conveyed for and in consideration of the payments stipulated to be made to them in the 2d article of this treaty of cession.

One tract of land, thirty-six sections, at Flat Belly’s village, a reserve made by the treaty of Wabash of 1826.

Also, one tract of land, about twenty-three thousand acres more or less, a reserve made at Wabash treaty in 1826, of five miles in length on the Wabash river, extending back to Eel river.

Also, another tract of ten sections at Racoon village, and a tract of ten sections at Mudd creek on Eel river, reserves made at Wabash treaty of 1826.

Also, one reserve of two miles square on the Salamany river at the mouth of At-che-pong-quaw creek, reserve made at the treaty of St. Mary’s of 1818.

Also, one other tract being a portion of the ten mile square reserve, made at the treaty of St. Mary’s of 1818, opposite the mouth of the river Aboute, commencing at the northeast corner of said reserve, thence south with the eastern boundary of the same ten miles to the southeast corner of the reserve, thence west with the southern boundary one mile, thence north nine miles, thence west nine miles, thence north one mile to the northwest corner of said reserve, thence to the place of beginning.
TREATY WITH THE MIAMIES. 1834.

The Miamies also agree to cede a portion of their big reserve, made at the treaty of St. Mary's of 1818, situated southeast of the Wabash, extending along the Wabash river, from the mouth of Salamany river, to the mouth of Eel river. The part now ceded shall be embraced within the following bounds to wit: commencing on the Wabash river, opposite the mouth of Eel river, running up said Wabash river eight miles, thence south two miles, thence westwardly one mile, thence south to the southern boundary of said reserve, thence along said boundary line seven miles to the southwest corner, thence northerly with the western boundary line to the place of beginning.

Article 2. For and in consideration of the cession made in the first article of this treaty, the United States agree to pay the Miami tribe of Indians the sum of two hundred and eight thousand dollars; of this sum fifty-eight thousand dollars to be paid within six months from the ratification of this treaty, fifty thousand dollars to be applied to the payment of the debts of the tribe, and the remaining sum of one hundred thousand dollars in annual instalments of ten thousand dollars per year.

Article 3. From the cession made in the first article of this treaty, there shall be granted to each of the persons named in the schedule hereto annexed, and to their heirs and assigns, by patent from the President of the United States, the lands therein named.

Article 4. It is agreed, between the parties to this treaty, that a patent in fee simple shall be issued by the President of the United States to John B. Richardville, principal chief of the Miami tribe, for a reserve of ten sections at the Forks of the Wabash, made to said tribe by treaty of twenty-third October, 1826, he having an Indian title to the same, a copy of which, marked A, accompanies this treaty.

Article 5. The United States agree to furnish a skilful miller, to superintend a mill for the Miamies, in lieu of the gunsmith promised by the 5th article of the treaty of St. Mary's of 1818.

Article 6. The United States agree to have the buildings and improvements on the lands ceded by the first article of this treaty valued. To cause a similar amount in value, laid out in building, clearing and fencing ground, for the use of the Indians, on such place or places as their chiefs may select, and that the Indians have peaceable possession of their houses and improvements, on the lands ceded in the first article of this treaty, until the improvements are made as provided for in this article.

Article 7. The United States agree to pay the Miami Indians fifteen hundred dollars, for horses heretofore stolen from them by the whites.

Article 8. The United States agree to cause patents in fee simple to issue to the following named persons, for the several tracts of land attached to their names, granted to them by former treaties, to wit: To Little Charley, for five sections of land, above the old village on the north side of Eel river, granted to him by treaty of Wabash of 1826.

To Laronture's daughter, for one section of land on the Maumee river, granted to her by treaty of Wabash of 1826.

To Top-pee-ah, son of Francis Lafontain, for one section, granted him by treaty of St. Mary's of 1818.

To Met-chin-e-quea, for two sections of land granted him by treaty of Wabash of 1826, at the old town on Eel river.

To Francis Godfroy, for four sections of land on the Salamany river, granted him at treaty of St. Mary's of 1818, being the residue of what he now holds of said grant.
TREATY WITH THE MIAMIES. 1834.

ARTICLE 9. There shall be granted to Hugh Hanna, one quarter section of land, in lieu of one selected and not approved on the grant made to Guire at treaty of Wabash of 1826, (Hanna having purchased of Guire,) the selection to be made under the direction of the President of the United States.

Schedule of grants referred to in the 3d Article.

To Francis Godfroy one section of land at the lower line of the five mile reserve on the Wabash river, to be located adjoining the town of Peru; one half section to be located on said Wabash river, opposite his trading house, and one half section to be located on that part of the big reserve southwest side the Wabash, above and adjoining the two sections granted to John B. Richardville; and one half section back and adjoining the one granted to said John B. Richardville, opposite the mouth of Eel river.

To To-pe-ah, one section of land, commencing one mile from the northeast corner of the ten mile reserve, opposite the mouth of Aboat river, (granted by treaty of St. Mary's of 1818,) thence south one mile, thence west one mile, thence north one mile, thence east to the place of beginning.

To Wa-pa-se-pah, son of Lafontain, one section of land west and adjoining the one to To-pe-ah.

To Ne-ah-long-quaw, two sections of land, west and adjoining the one to Wa-pa-se-pah.

To A-saw-som-ma-quah, or Susan, one section of land, west and adjoining the two to Ne-ah-long-quaw.

To Poqua, son of Francis Godfroy, one half section, west and adjoining the one to Susan.

To Francis Godfroy, one half section of land, west and adjoining the one to Poqua.

To Paul Longlois, one section of land on the Wabash river, to include his field.

To Chappene one section of land, to include Racoon village, commencing two poles west of the grave yard northwest of the village, thence on an easterly direction to river About, thence with said river until it strikes the reserve line, thence with said line for quantity to include within the bounds one section of land; also, one other section of land, west and adjoining the half section granted to Francis Godfroy on the ten mile reserve.

To John B. Richardville, principal chief of the Miami tribe, one section of land on the five mile reserve, opposite the mouth of the Mississineway river, to include the improvement made by Joseph Richardville, deceased; also, one quarter section of land on the Wabash river, at the upper part of the five mile reserve; also, two sections of land on the big reserve, commencing on the Wabash river, opposite the mouth of Eel river, running up said river two miles, thence back for quantity so as to include within the bounds two sections of land.

To Mac-keh-teh-maug-quaw, or Black Loon, one section of land to be located on the Wabash river, at the upper line of that part of the big reserve ceded by the first article of this treaty.

To Chin-gua-hua, or Duck, one section of land to be located on said Wabash river, below and adjoining the one granted to Black Loon.

To O-san-dear, one section of land back and adjoining the one granted to Black Loon.

To Wa-pa-pe-sha, one section of land back and adjoining the one granted to Duck.

To Peter Longlois one half section of land to be located at a point...
TREATY WITH THE MIAMIES. 1834.

on Wildecat where the old trace from Mississineway to Thorntown crosses the same.

To the sons of Dupee, one half section of land to be located on the reserve at Racoon village, to be located under the direction of the President of the United States.

To Peter Guier one half section of land, to be located back of the one granted to Wa-pa-pe-she.

To Waw-pee-mung-quah, one section of land on the ten mile reserve adjoining the one to Chappene.

To Ca-ta-ke-mon-gua, daughter of Godfroy and Angelique, one section of land to be located adjoining the one to Waw-pee-mung-guah.

To Rebecca Hackley, one quarter section of land, to be located under the direction of the President of the United States.

And whereas the assent of the Chiefs and Warriors of the said tribe of Indians, required by the aforesaid resolution of the Senate, has been given to the said amendment; which assent is as follows, viz:

Nov. 10, 1837.
Assent of the Indians.

We the chiefs and warriors of the Miami nation of Indians, residing in the State of Indiana, having assembled in general council and having seen and duly examined each and all of the amendments, made by the Senate in the treaty negotiated between said nation and Gen. William Marshall commissioner on the part of the United States, on the 23d of October, 1834, and the same having been fully and clearly explained to us, do hereby give our assent to each and all of them, in compliance with the requisition of the resolution of the Senate of the twelfth of October, 1837, advising and consenting to the ratification of said treaty.

In testimony whereof we have hereunto affixed our signatures this tenth day of November, A. D. 1837.

Me-shin-go-mask-a, Wa-we-esse,
Wa-pa-pen-shaw, Flat Belly,
Ne-con-saw, Ne-con-sau,
Little Charley, Ca-tah-ke-mun-guah,
Chen-qua-qua-h, Ma-gure-ca,
Pewa-pecth, Che-cho-wah,
Q-san-dear, Ne-con-saw,
Shappeen, Ma-con-saw,
Keel-swa, Little Maquiri-ca,
Wa-peshe-qua-h, Shappea-do-ce-ah,
Ne-ah-lin-qua-h, Ne-pe-wa,
Co-wy-sey, Pin-daw-lin-shau,
Tu-pe-ah, Men-na-tuo,
Ma-quah-co-nah, Pequa,
Me-ca-to-mun-qua-h, Min-se-qua-h,
Wa-pe-mun-qua-h,

In presence of A. C. Pepper, Indian Agent. Allen Hamilton. F. Comparet, Interpreter. Lucien P. Ferny.

To the Indian names are subjoined marks.
ARTICLES OF A TREATY,

Made and concluded at a camp, on Lake Max-e-nie-kue-kee, in the State of Indiana, between William Marshall, Commissioner on the part of the United States, and Com-o-za, a Chief of the Potawattimie tribe of Indians and his band, on the fourth day of December, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-four.

ART. 1. The above named chief and his band hereby cede to the United States, the two sections of land reserved for them by the 2d article of the treaty between the United States and the Pottawattimie Indians on Tippecanoe river on the 20th day of October, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-two.

ART. 2. The above named chief and his band agree to yield peaceable possession of said sections within three years from the date of the ratification of said treaty of eighteen hundred and thirty-two.

ART. 3. In consideration of the cession aforesaid the United States stipulate to pay the above named chief and his band the sum of four hundred dollars in goods at the signing of this treaty, and an annuity of four hundred dollars for one year, the receipt of which former sum of (four hundred dollars in goods) is hereby acknowledged.

ART. 4. This treaty shall be binding upon both parties, from the date of its ratification by the President and Senate of the United States.

In testimony whereof the said William Marshall, Commissioner, on the part of the United States, and the abovenamed chief and head men for themselves and their band have hereunto subscribed their names, the day and year above written.

WILLIAM MARSHALL.

Com-o-za,
Ah-ke-pah-am-es,

Nee-so-aw-quet,
Faw-pee.


To the Indian names are subjoined marks.

ARTICLES OF A TREATY

Made and concluded at a camp on Tippecanoe river, in the State of Indiana, between William Marshall, Commissioner on the part of the United States and Muck Rose, a Chief of the Potawattamie tribe of Indians, and his band, on the tenth day of December, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-four.

ART. 1. The above named chief and his band hereby cede to the United States, six sections of land reserved for them by the second article of the treaty between the United States and the Pottawattamie Indians on Tippecanoe river, on the twenty-sixth day of October, in the year, eighteen hundred and thirty-two.

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