ART. II. The said line, when thus remarked and re-established, shall form the boundary between the United States and the said Choctaw nation, in that quarter, and the said Choctaw nation, for, and in consideration of one dollar, to them in hand paid by the said United States, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, do hereby release to the said United States, and quit claim for ever, to all that tract of land which is included by the beforenamed line on the north, by the Chickasawhay river on the west, by the Tombigby and the Mobile rivers on the east, and by the boundary of the United States on the south.

ART. III. The chiefs, head men, and warriors, of the said Choctaw nation, do hereby constitute, authorise and appoint, the chiefs and head men of the upper towns of the said nation, to make such alteration in the old boundary line near the mouth of the Yazou river, as may be found convenient, and may be done without injury to the said nation.

ART. IV. This convention shall take effect and become obligatory on the contracting parties as soon as the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall have ratified the same.

In testimony whereof, the parties have hereunto set their hands and affixed their seals, at Fort Confederation, on the Tombigby in the Choctaw country, this 17th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and two, and of the independence of the United States the twenty-seventh.

JAMES WILKINSON.

In behalf of the lower towns and Chickasawhay.
Tusk-d-o Ho-g-poi-o,
Mingo Poos-koos, 2d,
Pooh a Mat-ta-haw.

In behalf of the upper towns.
Oak Chummy,
Tuske, Mai-a-by.

In behalf of the six towns and lower town.
Lat-la-hom-ah,
Mook-la-hoo-so poy-ehe,
Mingo, Hom, As-tubby,
Tusk-a hom-ah.

To the Indian names are subjoined a mark and seal.

ARTICLES OF A TREATY

June 7, 1803.
Proclamation, Dec. 26, 1803.

Between the United States of America, and the Delawares, Shawanoes, Putawatimies, Miamies, Eel River, Weeas, Kickapoos, Piankashaws, and Kaskaskias nations of Indians.

Articles of a treaty made at Fort Wayne on the Miami of the Lake, between William Henry Harrison, governor of the Indiana territory, superintendent of Indian affairs and commissioner plenipotentiary of the United States for concluding any treaty or treaties which may be found necessary with any of the Indian tribes north west of the Ohio, of the one part, and the tribes of Indians called the Delawares, Shawanoes, Putawatimies, Miamies and Kickapoos, by their chiefs and head warriors, and those of the Eel river, Weeas, Piankashaws and Kaskas-
TREATY WITH THE DELAWARES, ETC. 1803.

kias by their agents and representatives Tuthinipee, Winnemac, Richerville and Little Turtle (who are properly authorised by the said tribes) of the other part.

ARTICLE 1st. Whereas it is declared by the fourth article of the treaty of Greenville, that the United States reserve for their use the post of St. Vincennes and all the lands adjacent to which the Indian titles had been extinguished: And whereas, it has been found difficult to determine the precise limits of the said tract as held by the French and British governments: it is hereby agreed, that the boundaries of the said tract shall be as follow: Beginning at Point Coupee on the Wabash, and running thence by a line north seventy-eight degrees, west twelve miles, thence by a line parallel to the general course of the Wabash, until it shall be intersected by a line at right angles to the same, passing through the mouth of White river, thence by the last mentioned line across the Wabash and towards the Ohio, seventy-two miles, thence by a line north twelve degrees west, until it shall be intersected by a line at right angles to the same, passing through Point Coupee, and by the last mentioned line to the place of beginning.

Art. 2d. The United States hereby relinquish all claim which they may have had to any lands adjoining to or in the neighbourhood of the tract above described.

Art. 3d. As a mark of their regard and attachment to the United States, whom they acknowledge for their only friends and protectors, and for the consideration herein after mentioned, the said tribes do hereby relinquish and cede to the United States the great salt spring upon the Saline creek which falls into the Ohio below the mouth of the Wabash, with a quantity of land surrounding it, not exceeding four miles square, and which may be laid off in a square or oblong as the one or the other may be found most convenient to the United States: And the said United States being desirous that the Indian tribes should participate in the benefits to be derived from the said spring, hereby engage to deliver yearly and every year for the use of the said Indians, a quantity of salt not exceeding one hundred and fifty bushels, and which shall be divided among the several tribes in such manner as the general council of the chiefs may determine.

Art. 4th. For the considerations before mentioned and for the convenience which the said tribes will themselves derive from such establishments it is hereby agreed that as soon as the tribes called the Kickapoos, Eel River, Weeas, Piankashaws and Kaskaskias shall give their consent to the measure, the United States shall have the right of locating three tracts of lands (of such size as may be agreed upon with the last mentioned tribes) on the main road between Vincennes and Kaskaskias, and one other between Vincennes and Clarksville for the purpose of erecting houses of entertainment for the accommodation of travellers. But it is expressly understood that if the said locations are made on any of the rivers, which cross the said road, and ferries should be established on the same, that in times of high water any Indian or Indians belonging to either of the tribes who are parties to this treaty shall have the privilege of crossing such ferry toll free.

Art. 5th. Whereas there is reason to believe that if the boundary lines of the tract described in the first article should be run in the manner therein directed, that some of the settlements and locations of land made by the citizens of the United States will fall in the Indian country—It is hereby agreed that such alterations shall be made in the direction of these lines as will include them; and a quantity of land

Boundaries of a tract reserved to the U. S. described.
Ante, p. 51.

Art. 2d. The United States give up all claim to adjoining lands.

Salt spring, &c. ceded to U. S.

Art. 3d. U. S. engage to deliver for the use of the Indians a certain quantity of salt yearly.

Grant to U. S. of sites for three houses of entertainment.

Provision for future alterations of the boundary.
equal in quantity to what may be thus taken shall be given to the said tribes either at the east or the west end of the tract.

In testimony whereof, The commissioner of the United States and the chiefs and warriors of the Delawares, Shawanoes, Putawatimies, Miamies and Kickapoos, and those of the Eel River, Wees, Piankashaws, and Kaskaskias, by their agents and representatives, Tuthinipee, Winnemac, Richerville, and the Little Turtle, who are properly authorised by the said tribes, have hereunto subscribed their names and affixed their seals at Fort Wayne, this seventh day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and three, and of the independence of the United States, the twenty-seventh.

WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON.

Miamies.
Richerville,
Meshe-kun-nogh-quoh,(or Little Turtle.) 2 On behalf of themselves and Eel River,
Wees, Piankashaws and Kaskaskias, whom they represent.
Kickapoos.
Nah-mah-to-hah,(or Standing,) Pas-she-we-hah, (or Cat.)
Shawanoese.
Neahnemicheh.
Putawatimies.
Tuthinipee,
Winnemac. 2 On behalf of the Putawatimies and Eel River, Wees, Piankashaws and Kaskaskias, whom they represent.
Wannangsea or Five Meddals, Kee-saas, (or Sun.)
Delawares.
Teta Buxke,
Bu-kon-ige-helas,
Hockingpomskenn,
Kechkawhanund.
Shawanoese.
Cu-the-we-ka-saw, or Black Hoof,
Methawnasie.


The proceedings at the within treaty were faithfully interpreted by us, John Gibson and William Wells; that is, for the Delawares, John Gibson, and for the rest of the tribes, William Wells.

JOHN GIBSON,
WILLIAM WELLS.

To the Indian names are subjoined a mark and seal.
AT A COUNCIL

Holden at Vincennes on the seventh day of August, one thousand eight hundred and three, under the direction of William Henry Harrison, governor of the Indiana territory, superintendent of Indian affairs, and commissioner plenipotentiary of the United States for concluding any treaty or treaties which may be found necessary with any of the Indian nations north west of the river Ohio, at which were present the chiefs and warriors of the Eel River, Wyandot, Piankashaw and Kaskaskia nations, and also the tribe of the Kikapoes, by their representatives, the chiefs of the Eel River nation.

The fourth article of the treaty held and concluded at Fort Wayne, on the seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and three, being considered, the chiefs and warriors of the said nations give their free and full consent to the same, and they do hereby relinquish and confirm to the United States the privilege and right of locating three several tracts of land of one mile square each, on the road leading from Vincennes to Kaskaskia, and also one other tract of land of one mile square on the road leading from Vincennes to Clarksville; which locations shall be made in such places on the aforesaid roads as shall best comport with the convenience and interest of the United States in the establishment of houses of entertainment for the accommodation of travellers.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, The said William Henry Harrison, and the said chiefs and warriors of the before mentioned nations and tribe of Indians, have hereunto set their hands and affixed their seals the day and year first above written.

WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON.

Ke Tunga or Charly,
Akeketa or Ploughman,
Puppequon or Gun,
La Boussier,
Saconquaneva or Tired Legs,

Little Eyes,
Groshle or Big Corn,
Black Dog,
Ducaigne,
Pedegogue,

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of us, Jno. Rice Jones, B. Parker, Joseph Barron, Interpreter.

To the Indian names are subjoined a mark and seal.